

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

Prepared By

Joy McCarthy Finance Director

Lenore Lukas-Tutein Chief Accountant

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This section includes miscellaneous data regarding the Village of Antioch:

- List of Principal Officials
- Organizational Chart
- Transmittal Letter
- Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

List of Principal Officials

April 30, 2011

Lawrence M. Hanson, Mayor

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Jay Jozwiak., Trustee

George C. Sakas, Trustee

Dennis B. Crosby, Trustee

Scott A. Pierce, Trustee

Ted P. Poulos, Trustee

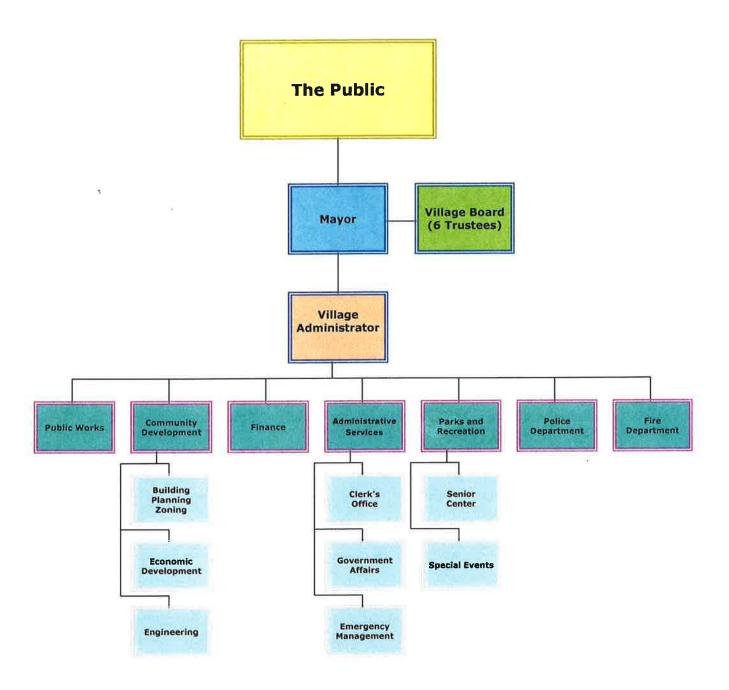
Mary C. Dominiak, Trustee

ADMINISTRATION

James Keim, Village Administrator

Candi L. Rowe, Village Clerk

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



MAYOR Lawrence M. Hanson

CLERK Candi L. Rowe



TRUSTEES

Dennis B. Crosby Mary C. Dominiak Jay Jozwiak Scott A. Pierce Ted P. Poulos George C. Sakas

October 11, 2011

To the Honorable Mayor, Village Board of Trustees, and Citizens of the Village of Antioch, Illinois.

Illinois State Law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements within six months of the close of the fiscal year. These financial statements must conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and audited in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards by certified public accountants licensed by the State of Illinois. It is with pleasure that the Comprehensive Financial Annual Report (CAFR) for the Village of Antioch, Illinois is presented for the year ended April 30, 2011.

The 2011 CAFR complies with the new financial reporting model developed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and is intended to provide additional information not previously available in the Village's financial statements.

The comprehensive annual financial report consists of the Village of Antioch management staff's representations concerning the finances of the Village. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has continued to focus on the internal controls that are designed to protect the Village's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficiently reliable information for the preparation of the Village's financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

Management continues to revise processes, implement internal controls, and establish new financial policies that allow us to successfully address the prior years' accounting issues and meet the required deadline for the issuance of this fiscal year's report. Management asserts that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Fiscal Management

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Village's internal planning and control. All Village departments are required to submit budget requests to the Village Administrator. The Village Administrator prepares a proposed budget for the Mayor and Board of Trustees to review, debate, modify and approve. The budget is prepared by fund, activity (i.e. public safety), department (i.e. police), program (i.e. police dispatch), and the required purposes under the State's appropriation statute, (i.e. supplies). Subdivisions of the purposes, (i.e. office supplies, vehicle maintenance supplies, computer supplies) are budgeted as line items for departmental management. The Village functions under the State of Illinois Appropriation Ordinance. The Appropriation Ordinance is developed by the Village Administrator, based on the Board approved budget, for Board review and adoption.

The Village of Antioch's financial statements have been audited by Lauterbach and Amen, LLP, a firm licensed by the State of Illinois as certified public accountants with specialization in local government

accounting. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Antioch are free from material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures shown in these financial statements; assessing the accounting principles and significant estimates used; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. In addition, the auditors prepared a list of management comments which outline areas where the Village management can further improve internal controls and accounting procedures. The administration along with the finance department appreciates and welcomes the auditors' recommendations for internal control improvement and looks forward to executing their recommendations.

Fiscal Report

The independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the Village of Antioch's financial statements for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2011, are fairly presented in conformity to GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The financial reports are presented in accordance with the new reporting model requirements (commonly referred to as "GASB 34"). GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal will not repeat the financial overview and analysis which is provided in the MD&A, but encourages the reader to review this important section of the financial statements for a comprehensive overview and analysis of how the Village has faired over the last fiscal year.

Village Profile

The Village of Antioch is located at the northern border of Illinois, in Lake County. It is the gateway to the Chain O' Lakes recreational area, yet provides suburban housing for the Chicagoland area. The Village's residential population is 13,724, up from 8,800 in 2000. The 2010 Census results are not yet available but management is anticipating a minimal increase. A priority for the Village is to maintain its early 19th century downtown charm, which includes a live playhouse, art museum, the Pickard China Museum and antique dealers.

The Village provides a full range of services. Antioch's public safety activities include police and fire protection, as well as dispatching emergency services to the region at large. Culture and recreational activities include a Senior Center, a band shell, pool, recreational and sport parks, bike trails, a wetland preserve, and many community special events. Public Works provides street and right-of-way maintenance and construction, as well as building maintenance, and park maintenance. Water service, sanitary sewer service and a sanitation treatment plant are functions which are included in the Water and Sewer enterprise fund.

The Village is also accountable for various community projects, which are blended into the Village's departmental program budgets. These include the accumulation of donations for the maintenance of a Wetland area, a DARE program for area school children and a cooperative effort with the Township to develop a sport and open space park. In addition, the Village is accountable for the Antioch Police Pension Fund, managed by a legally separate Board, and two Special Service Areas which are administered by independent Trustees (Amalgamated Bank of Chicago).

Economic Condition and Outlook

Over the last two years, declining and negative General Fund balances have been the most significant area of concern for the Village. The 2011 fiscal year-end has shown a reverse in this trend, from a negative fund balance of \$226 thousand to a positive \$101 thousand. This change in position is small, but trending in the right direction.

Despite the impact of the current economic downturn on income and sales taxes, building permits, and other user fees, General Fund revenues were 2% higher than anticipated. Additionally, expenditures were 1% less than budgeted. Careful monitoring of areas of concern will continue throughout the current fiscal year. Continued reduction in planned expenditures will have a positive impact on the Village's financial position.

Major Initiatives

Major projects planned for FY2012 total \$4,990,000 and are funded through Economic Recovery Zone Bonds, an IEPA Loan, State grants, and SSA funds.

New Pool Project

The Village was allocated up to \$3 million of bond capacity through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Tax Act of 2009. The proceeds of the Bonds must be applied to public projects that would enhance economic development. The Mayor and Board of Trustees have agreed that there is sufficient need to replace the current 50 year old pool.

Downtown Improvements

Completion of downtown pedestrian, streetscape, and way finding projects utilizing the balance of Downtown Development funds as the local match. This would allow for the completion of approximately \$450,000 worth of improvements with approximately \$50,000 in soft costs and plan development.

NeuHaven – Sprenger Park

Sprenger Park in the NeuHaven subdivision is incomplete due to the Neumann Homes Bankruptcy. The Village is responsible for completion of the park. Surety bond proceeds and remaining SSA money is to be utilized to complete improvements. Remaining work includes re-grading, constructing an athletic field, seating area, additional path, drainage repair, fishing pier and other amenities.

Depot Street Enhancements

Through a grant opportunity with the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity the Village secured funding to improve Depot Street. Improvements will consist of resurfacing the roadway and in most areas re-routing the bike path to one side of the roadway with separation from traffic.

2011 Road Program

A yearly sustainable road program is necessary to maintain pavements in acceptable condition. Each year the Village contracts a street resurfacing project in order to improve safety, drivability and prevent pavement failures. Streets scheduled for resurfacing are selected based on available funding, condition and amount of traffic. This year's program will include Ida Street, McMillen Street, Harden Street, and Hillside Avenue.

Lake Street Lift Station

The Lake Street lift station located just east of Tiffany Road on Lake Street needs to be replaced. The sanitary pumping station serves all property west of Tiffany. The Village was awarded a \$250,000 DCEO grant to upgrade the Lake Street lift station.

Fire Apparatus Replacement -1972 Engine

The Fire Department has been awarded a grant to replace a 1972 Fire Engine that has exceeded the service life.

Tim Osmond Sports Complex Phase 2

In 2004, the Village entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Antioch Township to develop 40 acres of Village-owned property for the combined Village/Township Park. Once completed the park site would consist of 80 acres. The Village and Township each would be responsible for fifty percent of the costs. Construction of Phase 2 is planned for FY2012 and will be funded by an OSLAD Grant and an IDCEO grant.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Village of Antioch for the fiscal year ended 2010. This was the fifth year the Village received such a prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. The report must also satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe that our report meets the requirements of the Certificate of Achievement Program and, once again, are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate. It is our hope that the Village of Antioch's Finance Department staff will continually meet the level of excellence required to be granted this award for many years in the future.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report, and the confidence with which it is presented, would not have been possible without the dedicated services of the Finance staff and our independent auditors Lauterbach and Amen, LLP who were essential in addressing the prior accounting issues.

In closing, we would also like to thank the Mayor and the Board of Trustees, and all department heads for their support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Village's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

MIII Kellili

Village Administrator

Joy McCarthy, C.I.M.T Finance Director/Treasurer

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Village of Antioch Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
April 30, 2010

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

This section includes the opinion of the Village's independent auditing firm.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

September 26, 2011

The Honorable Village President Members of the Board of Trustees Village of Antioch, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the Village of Antioch, Illinois as of and for the year ended April 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the accompanying table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Antioch, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Antioch, Illinois as of April 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Village of Antioch, Illinois September 26, 2011 Page 2

Our audit was conducted for the purposes of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Antioch, Illinois' financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

Fauterlack + Chmenles

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2011

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Village of Antioch's financial performance provides an overview of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2011. We recommend that the MD&A be read in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter (beginning on page iii), the financial statements, and notes to the financial statements that follow.

The MD&A is designed to:

- ✓ assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues,
- ✓ provide an overview of the Village's financial activity,
- ✓ identify changes in the Village's financial position (its ability to address the subsequent years' challenges).
- ✓ identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and
- ✓ identify individual fund issues or concerns.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Village of Antioch's total governmental and business-type net assets increased by \$1,123,040 from \$104,178,232 to \$105,301,272.
- During the year, governmental and business-type revenues totaled \$17,730,565 which was greater than total expenses of \$16,607,525 by \$1,123,040.
- Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$15,418,849. Expenses totaled \$13,356,175 resulting in an increase in net assets from \$66,209,257 to \$68,271,931, an increase of 3.12 percent.
- Revenues for business-type activities totaled \$2,311,716 while expenses totaled \$3,251,350, decreasing business-type net assets by \$939,634, from \$37,968,975 to \$37,029,341, a decrease of 2.47 percent.
- The General Fund reported an increase of \$327,979 in the current year, increasing the general fund balance to a surplus of \$101,045.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 3 - 6) provide information about the activities of the Village of Antioch as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Village's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 7. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Village of Antioch's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Village's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Village acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2011

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT – Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Village of Antioch's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business. The government wide financial statements can be found on pages 3 - 6 of this report.

The Statement of Net Assets reports information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other non-financial factors, such as changes in the Village's property tax base and the condition of the Village's roads, is needed to assess the overall health of the Village of Antioch.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government, community development, public safety, public works, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Village include waterworks and sewerage operations.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village of Antioch, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2011

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT – Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Village's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village of Antioch maintains eleven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Dolly Spiering Memorial, Debt Service, Special Service Area #1, Special Service Area #2, and Capital Projects Funds, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the other remaining governmental funds are presented in aggregate on the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 7 - 12 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The Village maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government—wide financial statements. The Village utilizes enterprise funds to account for its waterworks and sewerage operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2011

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT – Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Proprietary Funds – Continued

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund, which is a major fund of the Village.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 16 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village of Antioch's own programs. The accounting use for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 17 - 18 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19 - 54 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's I.M.R.F., other postemployment benefit, and police employee pension obligations. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 55 - 59 of this report. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 60 – 81 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2011

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the Village of Antioch, assets exceeded liabilities by \$105,301,272.

		Net Assets					
	8	Govern	mental	Busines	s-Type		
		Activ	ities	Activ	rities	To	tal
	_	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Current and Other Assets	\$	9,083,628	6,342,299	2,748,638	3,842,005	11,832,266	10,184,304
Capital Assets	•	70,273,331	68,206,146	52,265,113	52,377,916	122,538,444	120,584,062
Total Assets	_	79,356,959	74,548,445	55,013,751	56,219,921	134,370,710	130,768,366
Long-Term Debt Outstanding		6,237,990	3,680,454	16,731,879	16,425,951	22,969,869	20,106,405
Other Liabilities		4,847,038	4,658,734	1,252,531	1,824,995	6,099,569	6,483,729
Total Liabilities	Ξ	11,085,028	8,339,188	17,984,410	18,250,946	29,069,438	26,590,134
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Debt		67,878,200	65,571,530	35,082,830	35,503,387	102,961,030	101,074,917
Restricted		1,559,263	1,617,641	523,600	523,600	2,082,863	2,141,241
Unrestricted (Deficit)	_	(1,165,532)	(979,914)	1,422,911	1,941,988	257,379	962,074
Total Net Assets	:==	68,271,931	66,209,257	37,029,341	37,968,975	105,301,272	104,178,232

By far the largest portion of the Village's net assets, \$102,961,030 reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional \$2,082,863 of the Village's net assets represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining net assets, or \$257,379, represents unrestricted net assets and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2011

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

Total revenues for both governmental and business-type activities totaled \$17,730,565 while the total cost of all programs and services was \$16,607,525 resulting in an increase to total net assets of \$1,123,040.

	Changes in Net Assets					
	Govern	nmental	Busines	s-Type		
	Activ	vities	Activities		To	tal
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 1,827,570	1,899,102	2,258,775	2,274,180	4,086,345	4,173,282
Operating Grants/Contributions	118,539	34,533	34	1=0	118,539	34,533
Capital Grants/Contributions	3,189,099	430,842		140	3,189,099	430,842
General Revenues						(-)
Property Taxes	3,474,833	3,711,783	-		3,474,833	3,711,783
Sales Taxes	3,126,479	3,159,482	-	₹ = :	3,126,479	3,159,482
Income Taxes	1,070,015	1,090,012	-		1,070,015	1,090,012
Other Taxes	1,402,086	578,038	-	(€:	1,402,086	578,038
Intergovernmental	539,871	472,838	-	20-5	539,871	472,838
Other General Revenues	670,357	2,087,322	52,941	48,215	723,298	2,135,537
Total Revenues	15,418,849	13,463,952	2,311,716	2,322,395	17,730,565	15,786,347
Expenses						
General Government	2,149,370	2,900,028	:(e:	1-3	2,149,370	2,900,028
Community Development	620,839	716,337	2.€	2 - 0	620,839	716,337
Public Safety	5,812,100	5,600,497	20 - 2	3-3	5,812,100	5,600,497
Public Works	3,619,923	5,609,110		9€3	3,619,923	5,609,110
Culture and Recreation	871,520	726,346	: €	(±)	871,520	726,346
Interest on Long-Term Debt	282,423	132,802	659) = 3	282,423	132,802
Waterworks and Sewerage	(e)	-	3,251,350	3,226,607	3,251,350	3,226,607
Total Expenses	13,356,175	15,685,120	3,251,350	3,226,607	16,607,525	18,911,727
Change in Net Assets Before Transfers	2,062,674	(2,221,168)	(939,634)	(904,212)	1,123,040	(3,125,380)
Transfers			1,5	_		
Change in Net Assets	2,062,674	(2,221,168)	(939,634)	(904,212)	1,123,040	(3,125,380)
-		(, , ,				
Net Assets-Beginning	66,209,257	68,430,425	37,968,975	38,873,187	104,178,232	107,303,612
Net Assets-Ending	68,271,931	66,209,257	37,029,341	37,968,975	105,301,272	104,178,232

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2011

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

Governmental Activities

Revenues

Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$15,418,849 while total expenses totaled \$13,356,175. The difference in revenues compared to expenses resulted in an increase to governmental net assets of \$2,062,674. This is a reversal in the recent trend of declining net assets that had been occurring in the past several years due to the population growth, slow down in residential development, and lack of new revenue sources.

The revenue growth over the previous few years is directly related to the construction of Wal-Mart, and Menards home improvement store; the completion of an interim census that impacted the population driven revenues from the State; and permit fees from new construction. However, as development slowed in fiscal year 2008 revenue from licenses and permits and fees for services have declined and the impact to net assets has been significant. During the current year, total revenues increased \$1,954,897, due primarily to capital contributions of \$3,189,099 being \$2,758,257 more than the previous fiscal year.

As a non home-rule municipality, the Village cannot impose local sales taxes; therefore, the Village's sole sales tax revenue is received from the state. Antioch's normally steady sales tax revenue position is attributed to the new commercial construction along the Route 173 commercial corridor. In the current year sales tax remained almost flat with a decrease of .01 percent, or \$33,003. Other taxes remained fairly constant from last year other than the reported increase in Utility Taxes of \$797,849, or 287%, due to the Village collecting a full year of revenues on an Utility Tax for telecommunications, electricity, and natural gas, which the Village began collecting in fiscal year 2010.

Property taxes for the year accounted for \$3,474,833, or 22.5 percent of governmental activities total revenue.

Charges for services account for 11.9 percent of total revenue, and have declined 3.8 percent over the prior year. The decline is primarily attributable to the reduction in Police Special Services revenue received during the year of \$176,202, or 99.3%. As there has been a slow down in residential development, it should be noted that the Licenses and Permits revenue increased a modest 5.2%, or \$13,470.

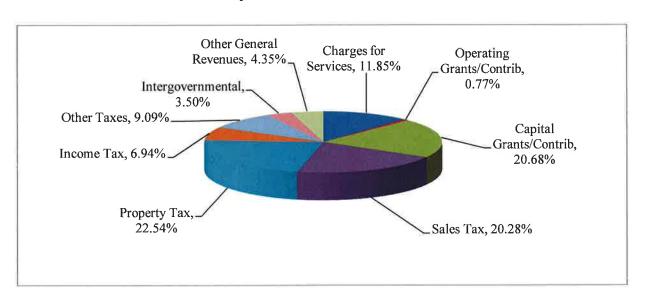
The following table graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the Village of Antioch and shows the reliance of sales taxes, property taxes, and charges for services to fund governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2011

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

Governmental Activities - Continued

Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities



Expenses

Like many other local municipalities, the national economic environment, along with the Village's rapid population growth, increases the cost of providing adequate services to residents. Additionally, the Village has been faced with rapidly increasing operating costs. However, during the year the Village management has continued to carefully monitor all expenditures for potential cost savings.

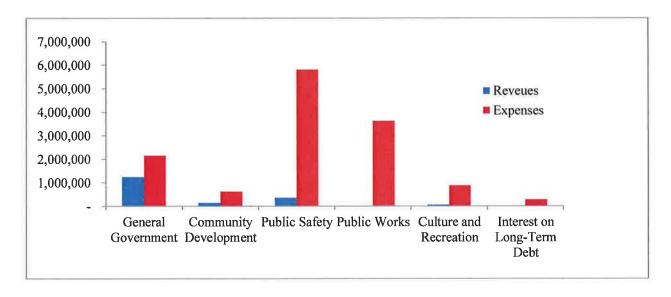
Overall, expenses decreased by 12.1 percent over the prior year primarily due to decreases in the general government, Community Development, Public Works functions. For the general government function, a reduction in Personal Services of \$63,535 and a reduction in Contingency of \$82,622 contributed to the majority of the decrease in total expenses. A decrease in Personal Services and Contractual Services of \$97,944 was the primary reason for the decrease in the Community Development function. A reduction in the noncapitalized capital outlay expenses accounted for the decrease in the Public Works function. These reductions were realized due to lay-offs, contract re-negotiations and non-capitalized capital purchases being deferred to the next fiscal year.

The 'Expenses and Program Revenues' Table identifies those governmental functions where program expenses greatly exceed revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2011

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

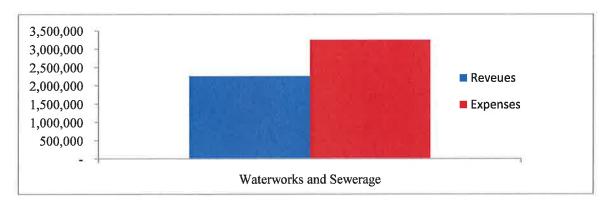
Governmental Activities - Continued



Business-Type Activities

An average of 98 percent of Water and Sewer Revenue is collected mainly from water and sewer usage. Water meter sales, permits, connection and inspection fees account for the remaining 2 percent. Water and sewer charges for services increased from \$2,241,994 in the prior year to \$2,253,625 in the current year, an increase of less than one percent.

Revenues for business-type activities totaled \$2,311,716, while expenses totaled \$3,251,350, resulting in a decrease to business-type net assets of \$939,634.



The above graph compares program revenues to expenses for waterworks and sewerage operations. The graph shows that revenues for the waterworks and sewerage operations are able to cover expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2011

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Village of Antioch uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,013,547, which is higher than last year's total of \$2,298,774. All governmental funds reported a surplus for the current year with the exception of Dolly Spiering Memorial Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Park Acquisition Fund.

The General Fund reported a surplus for the year of \$327,979. In the previous year, the General Fund experienced a deficit of \$173,122. Total revenues for the year increased \$813,504 over the prior year as a result the prior year implementation of a utility tax that generated \$1,076,281 in revenue in the current year. Expenditures in the General Fund increased \$229,489 over the prior year, which was a smaller increase in expenditures than the increase in expenditures of \$678,471 reported last year, as the Village worked diligently during the year to manage expenditures.

The Dolly Spiering Memorial Fund reported a slight deficit of \$14,513 for the year as a result of expenditures of \$96,152 for senior center costs that exceeded interest earnings of \$28,556 and Charges for Services of \$53,083 for the year.

The Capital Projects Funds reported a deficit for the year of \$329,027 as the result of planned capital expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2011

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS - Continued

Proprietary Funds

The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Village reports the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund as a major proprietary fund. This fund accounts for all of the operations of the municipal water and sewer system.

The Waterworks and Sewerage Fund had a negative change in net assets of \$939,634, resulting in ending net assets of \$37,029,341. The decrease in the current year includes \$680,079 in noncash depreciation expense. Charges for services of \$2,253,625 were \$152,125, or 7.2 percent, over budget but were offset by Connection Fees, Other Income and Interest Income being under budget by \$847,992 as a result of not receiving the Route 83 Sewer Rehabilitation \$500,000 Source Grant and reclassing a \$250,000 grant for the Lake Street Sewer Rehabilitation to deferred revenue since the grant funds will be expensed in the next fiscal year. The lower revenues were somewhat offset by expenses for operations that were \$136,140 under budget.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Village made no amendments to the General Fund budget during the year. The General Fund actual revenues of \$11,304,889 were \$148,499 more than budgeted revenues of \$11,156,390. Specifically, the Village's utility tax generated \$1,076,281 in revenue which was \$202,281 higher than budget.

The General Fund actual expenditures were slightly lower than budgeted expenditures for the current year. Actual expenditures totaled \$10,893,996, while budgeted expenditures totaled \$11,010,659. Specifically, combined expenditures for the Community Development, Public Safety and Public Works functions were lower than budget by \$220,337. This positive budget variance was offset by combined expenditures in the General Government and Culture and Recreation being \$103,674 over budget. The primary contributing factor to the functions being under budget are the efforts by management to reduce planned expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of April 30, 2011 was \$122,538,444 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, land improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, sidewalks, and bridges.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2011

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION – Continued

Capital Assets - Continued

Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation

		Governmental		Business-type			
		Activ	vities	Activities		Total	
		2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Land	\$	34,296,738	32,190,695	16,808,851	16,808,851	51,105,589	48,999,546
Buildings and Improvements		4,481,046	4,613,375	-		4,481,046	4,613,375
Equipment		687,140	750,230	-	300	687,140	750,230
Infrastructure		30,808,407	30,651,846	35,456,262	35,569,065	66,264,669	66,220,911
Total	_	70,273,331	68,206,146	52,265,113	52,377,916	122,538,444	120,584,062

This year's major additions included:

Governmental Activities		
Land	\$	2,106,043
Aquatic Center		28,400
Sprenger Park		14,429
Equipment		36,041
Infrastructure		1,590,420
Business-Type Activities		
Waterworks and Sewerage Plant and Equipment		563,238
	_	4,338,571

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in note 3 on pages 34 - 35 of this report.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the Village of Antioch had total outstanding debt of \$22.3 million. There was a \$2.8 million increase in outstanding debt from the prior year as the result of the issuance of Alternate Revenue Source Bond of \$2,975,000 and \$1,354,167 IEPA loan, offset by current year principal retirements on existing outstanding debt.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2011

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION – Continued

Debt Administration – Continued

The following is a comparative statement of outstanding debt:

		Governmental and Business-Type Long-Term Debt Outstanding						
		Govern	mental	Busines	Business-type			
		Activ	ities	Activ	ities	Total		
		2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	840,000	1,200,000		S.	840,000	1,200,000	
Alternate Revenue Bonds	Ψ	4,245,000	1,380,000	-	3.00 3.00	4,245,000	1,380,000	
Debt Certificates		-	S2:	155,000	305,000	155,000	305,000	
IEPA Loan				15,402,283	14,619,529	15,402,283	14,619,529	
Revenue Bonds	_		-	1,625,000	1,950,000	1,625,000	1,950,000	
Total		5,085,000	2,580,000	17,182,283	16,874,529	22,267,283	19,454,529	

Additional information on the Village of Antioch's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 on pages 36 - 42 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Village's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscalyear 2012 budget, including tax rates, and fees that will be charged for its various activities. One of those factors is the economy. The Village is faced with a similar economic environment as many of the other local municipalities are faced with, including inflation, slumping interest rates, and soaring unemployment rates.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Antioch's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Office of the Village Administrator, Village of Antioch, 874 Main Street, Antioch, Illinois 60002.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- · Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
 - Governmental Funds
 - > Proprietary Funds
 - > Fiduciary Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Assets April 30, 2011

See Following Page

Statement of Net Assets April 30, 2011

		,		
	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Current Assets Cash and Investments	\$ 4,944,478	94,819	5,039,297	
Receivables - Net of Allowances	4,720,481	1,126,360	5,846,841	
Internal Balances	(733,481)	733,481	=	
Prepaids	152,150	16,295	168,445	
Restricted Cash and Investments		757,492	757,492	
Total Current Assets	9,083,628	2,728,447	11,812,075	
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets				
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	34,296,738	16,808,851	51,105,589	
Depreciable Capital Assets	65,908,735	48,181,663	114,090,398	
Accumulated Depreciation	(29,932,142) 70,273,331	(12,725,401) 52,265,113	(42,657,543) 122,538,444	
Other Assets Unamortized Bond Costs	- <u>*</u>	20,191	20,191	
Total Noncurrent Assets	70,273,331	52,285,304	122,558,635	
Total Assets	79,356,959	55,013,751	134,370,710	

		Business-	
	Governmental	Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	344,239	360,371	704,610
Accrued Payroll	153,252	9,123	162,375
Interest Payable	84,547	133,892	218,439
Unearned Revenues	3,572,590	261,746	3,834,336
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	692,410	487,399	1,179,809
Total Current Liabilities	4,847,038	1,252,531	6,099,569
27.14111.1			
Noncurrent Liabilities	1 400 501		1 400 701
Net Pension Obligation	1,402,781	W 5	1,402,781
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Payable	37,142		37,142
Compensated Absences Payable	308,067	29,596	337,663
Alternate Revenue Bonds Payable	4,010,000	(₩)	4,010,000
Revenue Bonds Payable		1,300,000	1,300,000
IEPA Loan Payable	÷	15,402,283	15,402,283
General Obligation Bonds Payable	480,000	*(480,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	6,237,990	16,731,879	22,969,869
Total Liabilities	11,085,028	17,984,410	29,069,438
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets - Net of Related Debt	67,878,200	35,082,830	102,961,030
Restricted - Dolly Spiering Memorial	923,551	-	923,551
Restricted - Dony Spiering Memorial Restricted - Debt Service	314,599	523,600	838,199
Restricted - Debt Service Restricted - Capital Projects	321,113	525,000	321,113
Unrestricted - Capital Projects	(1,165,532)	1,422,911	257,379
Omesuicieu	(1,103,334)	1,742,711	231,319
Total Net Assets	68,271,931	37,029,341	105,301,272

Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2011

		Dec 2022 D			
		Charges	Program Revenue Operating	S Capital	
		for	Grants/	Grants/	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	
Primary Government	•				
Governmental Activities					
General Government	\$ 2,149,370	1,248,673	· ·	-	
Community Development	620,839	146,328	13,624	1-1	
Public Safety	5,812,100	367,354	51,832	27,544	
Public Works	3,619,923	7 <u>2</u>	126	1,067,055	
Culture and Recreation	871,520	65,215	53,083	2,094,500	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	282,423	•		3	
Total Governmental Activities	13,356,175	1,827,570	118,539	3,189,099	
Business-Type Activities					
Waterworks and Sewerage	3,251,350	2,258,775	:=(*	
	16,607,525	4,086,345	118,539	3,189,099	

General Revenues

Taxes

Property Taxes

Sales Taxes - Unrestricted

Income Taxes - Unrestricted

Utility Taxes

Replacement Taxes

Hotel/Motel Taxes

Use Taxes

Other Taxes

Intergovernmental - Unrestricted

Motor Fuel Tax Allotments

Road and Bridge Tax

Interest Income

Miscellaneous

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

Net Expense/Revenue					
	Primary Government				
Governmental	Business-Type				
Activities	Activities	Total			
(900,697)	586	(900,697)			
(460,887)	:((460,887)			
(5,365,370)	12	(5,365,370)			
(2,552,868)	0)#	(2,552,868)			
1,341,278	₩	1,341,278			
(282,423)		(282,423)			
(8,220,967)	A S	(8,220,967)			
	(992,575)	(992,575)			
(8,220,967)	(992,575)	(9,213,542)			
2 474 922		2 474 022			
3,474,833	100	3,474,833			
3,126,479	-	3,126,479			
1,070,015	:=: 	1,070,015			
1,076,281	•	1,076,281			
56,290	-	56,290			
40,419		40,419			
196,477		196,477			
32,619	(-)	32,619			
422,793		422 702			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	:= ::	422,793			
117,078 70,883	9.420	117,078			
•	8,439	79,322			
599,474	44,502	643,976			
10,283,641	52,941	10,336,582			
2,062,674	(939,634)	1,123,040			
2,002,077	(757,054)	1,123,040			
66,209,257	37,968,975	104,178,232			
00,207,207	51,500,515	10-1,170,232			
68,271,931	37,029,341	105,301,272			
00,211,701	D I gomes go 11	100,001,212			

Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet April 30, 2011

	General	Dolly Spiering Memorial
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments Receivables - Net of Allowances	\$ -	930,677
Property Taxes	3,179,844	=
Other Taxes	990,626	<u>-</u>
Accounts	128,940	-
Due from Other Funds	1,901	₩.
Prepaids	152,150	
Total Assets	4,453,461	930,677
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	279,034	4,419
Accrued Payroll	152,446	806
Due to Other Funds	741,092	1,901
Unearned/Deferred Revenue	3,179,844	
Total Liabilities	4,352,416	7,126
Fund Balances		
Reserved - Prepaids	152,150	-
Reserved - Dolly Spiering Memorial		923,551
Reserved - Debt Service	~	#1)
Reserved - Capital Projects	-	
Unreserved - General	(51,105)	₹′
Unreserved - Special Revenue	<u>,≅</u>	2 0
Unreserved - Capital Projects	-	(E)
Total Fund Balances	101,045	923,551
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	4,453,461	930,677

	Special	Special			
Debt	Service	Service	Capital	Nonmajor	
Service	Area #1	Area #2	Projects	Funds	Totals
399,746	8	321,105	367,125	2,925,817	4,944,478
392,424		-	-	322	3,572,590
392,424	_	-	=	28,325	1,018,951
_	/ <u>-</u>	-	-	·=:	128,940
-	-	-		#	1,901
	-		191		152,150
792,170	8	321,105	367,125	2,954,464	9,819,010
600			52,520	55	336,628
		**	S=.	(* :	153,252
-		34 •		. 	742,993
392,424	_		Œ	322	3,572,590
393,024	•	9	52,520	377	4,805,463
-	-	=	2	F) ::=:	152,150
-	-	() = (-	N.E.	923,551
399,146			8	7 4	399,146
-	8	321,105	*	2,710,262	3,031,375
	(#)	(₩.	.		(51,105)
<u>=</u>	:= :		ž.	125,079	125,079
<u> </u>	3 6	2	314,605	118,746	433,351
399,146	8	321,105	314,605	2,954,087	5,013,547
792,170	8	321,105	367,125	2,954,464	9,819,010

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Assets - Governmental Activities

April 30, 2011

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 5,013,547
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	70,273,331
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Net Pension Obligation Payable Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation Payable Compensated Absences Payable Loan Payable Alternate Revenue Bonds Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable Accrued Interest Payable	 (1,402,781) (37,142) (385,084) (20,393) (4,245,000) (840,000) (84,547)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	 68,271,931

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended April 30, 2011

See Following Page

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended April 30, 2011

	General	Dolly Spiering Memorial
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 8,664,694	-
Charges for Services	1,416,521	53,083
Licenses and Permits	270,472	36
Intergovernmental	168,910	36).
Fines and Forfeits	148,441	⊕ ¢
Interest	36,377	28,556
Miscellaneous	599,474	1, (6)
Total Revenues	11,304,889	81,639
Expenditures		
Current	2 044 865	
General Government	2,044,865 620,839	-
Community Development	5,629,264	.
Public Safety	1,909,198	5 4
Public Works	689,830	96,152
Culture and Recreation	009,030	90,132
Capital Outlay	請 於	=2
Debt Service		_
Principal Retirement	= c = c = c = c = c = c = c = c = c = c	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	10,893,996	96,152
Total Expenditures	10,893,990	90,132
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	410,893	(14,513)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Debt Issuance	. €<	* €
Transfers In	:=:	€
Transfers Out	(82,914)	-
	(82,914)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	327,979	(14,513)
Fund Balances - Beginning	(226,934)	938,064
Fund Balances - Ending	101,045	923,551

	Special	Special			Total
Debt	Service	Service	Capital	Nonmajor	Governmental
Service	Area #1	Area #2	Projects	Funds	Funds
408,468	=	£	(4)	251	9,073,413
÷	•	₩	***	(-)	1,469,604
=		#	₩.	•	270,472
8	<u>25</u> 9	<u> </u>	1,094,599	422,793	1,686,302
*	:E:	=	:=::	5,760	154,201
=	+	26	<u>=</u> 1	5,924	70,883
<u>~</u>		<u> </u>	(m)/1		599,474
408,468		26	1,094,599	434,728	13,324,349
<u></u>		=	s ≥ s	**	2,044,865
=	14 5	-	-	: = :	620,839
-	-	=		3,711	5,632,975
-	-	a	r a c	227,753	2,136,951
=	320	-	(*)	-	785,982
	:=:	÷	1,387,462	231,740	1,619,202
360,000	_	_	34,223	110,000	504,223
49,475	_		1,941	188,123	239,539
409,475		2	1,423,626	761,327	13,584,576
100,175			-99	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(1,007)		26	(329,027)	(326,599)	(260,227)
(1,007)		20	(323,021)	(320,037)	(200,221)
				2,975,000	2,975,000
-	=	-	(• .	, ,	
-	* ** *	•	5 = 0	82,914	82,914
				3,057,914	(82,914) 2,975,000
				3,037,914	2,773,000
(1,007)		26	(329,027)	2,731,315	2,714,773
	^	201.070	(42, (22	222 772	2 200 774
400,153	8	321,079	643,632	222,772	2,298,774
399,146	8	321,105	314,605	2,954,087	5,013,547

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

Year Ended April 30, 2011

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	2,714,773
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense		3,775,333 (1,708,148)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Additions to Net Pension Obligation Additions to Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation Payable Additions to Compensated Absences Payable Issuance of Debt Retirement of Debt		(153,742) (13,798) (38,083) (2,975,000) 504,223
Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	? <u>-</u>	(42,884)
Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		2,062,674

Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds - Business-Type Activities April 30, 2011

See Following Page

Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds - Business-Type Activities April 30, 2011

540	ASSETS	Waterworks and Sewerage
Current Assets		
Cash and Investments Receivables - Net of Allowances		\$ 94,819
Accounts Due from Other Funds		1,126,360
Prepaids		733,481 16,295
Restricted - Cash and Investments		757,492
Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets		2,728,447
Capital Assets Nondepreciable Capital Assets		16,808,851
Depreciable Capital Assets		48,181,663
Accumulated Depreciation		<u>(12,725,401)</u> 52,265,113
Other Assets		
Unamortized Bond Costs		20,191
Total Noncurrent Assets		52,285,304
Total Assets		55,013,751

	Waterworks and Sewerage
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	360,371
Accrued Payroll	9,123
Interest Payable	133,892
Unearned/Deferred Revenue	261,746
Compensated Absences Payable	7,399
Revenue Bonds Payable	325,000
Debt Certificates Payable	155,000
Total Current Liabilities	1,252,531
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated Absences Payable	29,596
Revenue Bonds Payable	1,300,000
IEPA Loans Payable	15,402,283
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	16,731,879
Total Liabilities	17,984,410
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets - Net of Related Debt	35,082,830
Restricted - Debt Service	523,600
Unrestricted	1,422,911
Total Net Assets	37,029,341

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Proprietary Funds (Business-Type Activities)
Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Waterworks and Sewerage
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$ 2,253,625
Operating Expenses	
Administration	646,122
Operations	1,457,667
Depreciation and Amortization	680,079
Total Operating Expenses	2,783,868
Operating Income (Loss)	(530,243)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Connection Fees	5,150
Other Income	44,502
Interest Income	8,439
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(467,482)
	(409,391)
Change in Net Assets	(939,634)
Net Assets - Beginning	37,968,975
Net Assets - Ending	<u>37,029,341</u>

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds - Business Type Activities Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Waterworks and Sewerage
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Φ 2 (22 742
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 2,633,743
Payments to Employees	(493,665)
Payments to Suppliers	(2,184,438) (44,360)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related	
Financing Activities	
Purchase of Capital Assets	(563,238)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(467,482)
Issuance of Capital Debt	1,354,167
Payment of Bond Principal	(1,046,413)
	(722,966)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest Received	8,439
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(758,887)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	1,611,198
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	<u>852,311</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash	
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	
Operating Income (Loss)	(530,243)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating	
Income to Net Income to Net Cash	
Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities:	
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	680,079
Other Income (Expense)	49,652
(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets	330,466
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities	(574,314)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(44,360)

Statement of Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds April 30, 2011

	Pension Trust	Agency
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 2,137,848	2,974,236
U.S. Government and Agency Obligations	3,677,049	***
Due from Other Funds	7,611	-
Total Assets	5,822,508	2,974,236
LIABILITIES		
Deposits Payable	÷1	96,033
Due to Bondholders		2,878,203
Total Liabilities	. 	2,974,236
NET ASSETS		
Net Plan Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	5,822,508	

Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Pension
	Trust
	8
Additions	
Contributions - Employer	\$ 673,650
Contributions - Plan Members	196,774_
Total Contributions	870,424
Investment Income	The state of
Interest Earned	197,104
Net Change in Fair Value	80,950
	278,054
Less Investment Expenses	-
Net Investment Income	278,054
Total Additions	1,148,478
Total Additions	1,140,470
Deductions	
Administration	30,767
Benefits and Refunds	591,218
Total Deductions	621,985
Net Increase	526,493
Net Plan Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	
Beginning	5,296,015
77. 41	5 022 500
Ending	5,822,508

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Antioch, Illinois, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected president and sixmember Board of Trustees. The Village's major operations include police safety, highway and street maintenance and reconstruction, forestry, building code enforcement, public improvements, economic development, planning and zoning, waterworks and sewerage services and general administrative services.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB Pronouncements. Although the Village has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the Village has chosen not to do so. The more significant of the Village's accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Village are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The Village's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government:

Village of Antioch

Blended Component Unit:

Police Pension Employees Retirement System

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Village complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14," and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Village.

Blended Component Units - Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the Village Board or the Component unit provides services entirely to the Village. These component units' funds are blended into those of the Village's by appropriate activity type to compose the primary government presentation.

Blended Component Unit

Police Pension Employees Retirement System

The Village's sworn police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Village's President, one elected pension beneficiary and two elected police employees constitute the pension board.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

REPORTING ENTITY – Continued

Blended Component Unit - Continued

Police Pension Employees Retirement System - Continued

The participants are required to contribute a percentage of salary as established by state statute and the Village is obligated to fund all remaining PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it is legally separate from the Village, the PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide retirement benefits for the Village's police employees. The PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Statements

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Village's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Village's police, highway and street maintenance and reconstruction, forestry, building code enforcement, public improvements, economic development, planning and zoning, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The Village's waterworks and sewerage services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are: (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Village's net assets are reported in three parts: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village's functions and business-type activities (general government, public safety, public works, etc.) The functions are supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) changes to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Government-Wide Statements - Continued

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc). The Village allocates indirect costs to the proprietary funds for personnel who perform administrative services for those funds, along with other indirect costs deemed necessary for their operations, but are paid through the General Fund. This government-wide focus concentrates on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Village are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The Village electively added funds, as major funds, which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the Village:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Village:

General fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Village maintains one major special revenue fund, the Dolly Spiering Memorial Fund, which is used to account for the use of funds provided by an estate bequeath by Ms. Dolly Spiering to the Village senior center.

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt. The Debt Service Fund is treated as a major fund and is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the Village's general long-term debt obligations.

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type/proprietary funds). The Village maintains three major capital projects funds, Special Service Area #1 Fund, Special Service Area #2 Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund. The Special Service Area #1 Fund is used to account for a portion of the infrastructure costs for the area designated as Special Service Area #1. The Special Service Area #2 Fund is used to account for a portion of the infrastructure costs for the area designated as Special Service Area #2. The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for capital improvement expenditures.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary fund of the Village:

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Proprietary Funds – Continued

Enterprise funds are required to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs. The Village maintains one major enterprise fund, the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund, which is used to account for the provision of potable water and wastewater treatment services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations and maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Village programs. The reporting focus is on net assets and changes in net assets and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

Pension trust funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for pension benefit payments. The Police Pension Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for disability and retirement annuity payments to employees covered by the plan. Financing is provided by employee contributions, the Village's contribution and investment income.

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in a purely custodial capacity. The Escrow Deposit Fund is used to account for the collection and use of the escrowed monies. The Special Service Area #1 Fund is used to account for the collection of property taxes within Special Service Area #1 and payments of related special service area debt. The Special Service Area #2 Fund is used to account for the collection of property taxes within Special Service Area #2 and payments of related special service area debt.

The Village's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (pension trust and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Village, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

All proprietary and pension trust funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary and pension trust fund equity is classified as net assets. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The Village recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – Continued

Basis of Accounting – Continued

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

All proprietary, pension trust and agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Village also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents on the Statement of Net Assets are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent. For the purpose of the proprietary funds "Statement of Cash Flows", cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have any established market, if any, are reported at estimated fair value.

Prepaids

Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market. The cost of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY - Continued

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances for governmental activities include property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, and grants. Business-type activities report waterworks and sewerage charges as their major receivables.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of Enterprise Fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$10,000 to \$250,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Village as a whole. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY - Continued

Capital Assets - Continued

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Land Improvements	15-20 Years
Buildings and Improvements	10 – 45 Years
Equipment	3-30 Years
Infrastructure	20-50 Years
Plant and Equipment	50 Years

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the Village to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective with the beginning of the current year. Infrastructure assets include roads, sidewalks, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are the largest asset class of the Village. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. The Village has reported all retroactive infrastructure.

Compensated Absences

The Village accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulation rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulated sick leave that is estimated to be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY – Continued

Unearned/Deferred Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Fund Equity

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt—Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets—Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Unrestricted net assets—All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance, if any, represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriations are adopted for all funds except the Tax Increment Financing Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

All departments of the Village submit requests for budgets to the Village's administrator so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The proposed budget is presented to the governing body for review.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

BUDGETARY INFORMATION – Continued

The governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change budgeted amounts, but may not change the form of the budget. The administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within a fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the governing body. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. Traditionally, no budgetary amendments are made during the year.

EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures/expenses, exclusive of depreciation, over budget for the fiscal year:

Fund		Excess	
Motor Fuel Tax	\$	49,728	
Drug Seizure		3,711	
Infrastructure Projects		166,866	
Police Pension		161,485	

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except the pension trust funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments". In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Village's funds. The deposits and investments of the pension trust funds are held separately from those of other funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Statutes authorize the Village to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, Illinois Funds, and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund.

Statutes authorize the Pension Funds to make deposits/invest in interest bearing direct obligations of the United States of America; obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States of America; bonds, notes, debentures, or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America; savings accounts or certificates of deposit issued by banks or savings and loan associations chartered by the United States of America or by the State of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; State of Illinois Bonds; pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer, or by banks, their subsidiaries or holding companies, in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois; bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois direct obligations of the State of Israel; money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 and are diversified, open-ended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to specified restrictions; general accounts of life insurance companies and separate accounts of life insurance companies provided the investment in separate accounts does not exceed ten percent of the pension fund's net assets. Pension funds of at least 5 million that have appointed an investment advisor may, through that investment advisor, invest up to thirty-five percent of the plan's net assets in common and preferred stocks that meet specific restrictions.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Although not registered with the SEC, Illinois Funds operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Village Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits for governmental, business-type and agency activities totaled \$7,996,582 and the bank balances totaled \$8,021,298. The Village also has \$774,443 invested in the Illinois Funds, which has an average maturity of less than one year.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Village's investment policy states that there is to be maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet operating requirements in the cash and investment portfolio of the Village. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the Village will not directly invest in securities maturing more than two years from the date of purchase. Reserve funds, not otherwise restricted by Bond Ordinance, may be invested in securities exceeding two years if the maturity of such investments is made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of the funds.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Besides investing in securities authorized under State Statute, the Village's investment policy further states that investments are to be undertaken in a manner that ensures preservation of capital and protection of investment principal. The Village's investment in the Illinois Funds was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village's investment policy requires that funds on deposit in excess of FDIC limits must be secured by some form of collateral, witnessed by a written agreement and held at an independent, third-party institution in the name of the Village.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Village Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk - Continued

The collateralization level will be 110% of market value of principal and accrued interest, with collateral limited to U.S. Treasuries. As an alternative, insurance/surety bonds may be used as collateral to ensure certificates of deposit payments of principal and interest at the date of maturity. Insurance/surety bonds may also be used to ensure replacement on checking and money market accounts in case of a financial institution's default. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance. For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village's investment policy states that all security transactions, including collateral for repurchase agreements, entered in to by the Village shall be conducted on a delivery-versus-payment (DVP) basis. Securities will be held by an independent, third-party custodian designated by the Village and evidenced by safekeeping receipts and a written custodial agreement. The Village's investment in the Illinois Funds is noncategorizable.

Concentration Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investment in a single issuer. The Village's investment policy states that investments shall be diversified to the best of the Village's ability based on the type of funds invested and the cash flow needs of those funds. Diversification can be by type of investment, number of institutions invested in, and length of maturity. At year-end, the Village has no investments that represent more than 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio.

Police Pension Fund Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Fund's deposits totaled \$2,137,848 and the bank balances totaled \$2,137,848.

Investments. The Fund has the following investment fair values and maturities:

	Investment Maturities (in Years)			
Fair	Less Than			More Than
Value	1	1 to 5	6 to 10	10
\$ 2,053,236	=		1,953,364	99,872
603,078	2	YE	-	603,078
1,020,735	1,020,735			-
3,677,049	1,020,735		1,953,364	702,950
	\$ 2,053,236 603,078 1,020,735	Fair Value 1 \$ 2,053,236 - 603,078 - 1,020,735	Fair Less Than Value 1 1 to 5 \$ 2,053,236 603,078 1,020,735 1,020,735 -	Fair Less Than Value 1 1 to 5 6 to 10 \$ 2,053,236 1,953,364 603,078 1,020,735 1,020,735

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Police Pension Fund Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk - Continued

Interest Rate Risk. Other than considering cash flow requirements when selecting investment instruments, the Fund's formal investment policy does not further mitigate interest rate risk.

Credit Risk. The Fund's investment policy states that each investment transaction shall seek to first ensure that capital losses are minimized, whether they be from securities default or erosion of market value. The Fund's investment policy helps limit its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in securities issued by the United States Government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. At year-end, the Fund's investments in U.S. Agency securities were all rated AAA rated by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk. The Fund's investment policy states that all investments of the Fund shall be clearly held and accounted for to indicate ownership by the Fund. The fund will direct the registration of securities in its own name or in the name of a nominee created for the express purpose of registration of securities by a national or state bank or trust company authorized to conduct a trust business in the State of Illinois. At year-end, the entire carrying amount of the bank balance of deposits is covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance. Furthermore, the Fund's investment in U.S. Government and Agency securities are categorized as insured, registered, or held by the Fund or its agent in the Fund's name.

Concentration Risk. The Fund's investment policy states that it is the Fund's policy to include investments in certificates of deposit. At any time the investment portfolio of the Fund shall have a portion of its investments in a balanced portfolio as set by the Fund in accordance with the terms of maturity. The terms of maturity will be based on the ages of the active members and the relative number and ages of current annuitants as well as a current review of the condition of the investment market. The Fund has over 5% of net plan assets invested in U.S. Government Agencies as listed in the previous table.

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2010 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2010, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by Lake County and are payable in two installments, on or about May 1, 2011 and September 1, 2011. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 1% of the tax levy, to reflect actual collection experience.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets Land	\$ 32,190,695	2,106,043	w	34,296,738
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings and Improvements	6,752,011	42,829	ĕ	6,794,840
Equipment	2,832,333	36,041	2	2,868,374
Infrastructure	54,655,101	1,590,420	<u></u>	56,245,521
	64,239,445	1,669,290	#	65,908,735
Less Accumulated Depreciation Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure	2,138,636 2,041,580 24,043,778 28,223,994	175,158 139,654 1,393,336 1,708,148	-	2,313,794 2,181,234 25,437,114 29,932,142
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	36,015,451	(38,858)	· ·	35,976,593
Total Capital Assets	68,206,146	2,067,185	<u>.</u>	70,273,331

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$	24,057
Public Safety		53,950
Public Works		1,544,603
Culture and Recreation		85,538
	_	1,708,148

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS – Continued

Business-Type Activities

Business-type capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets Land	\$ 16,808,851			16,808,851
Depreciable Capital Assets Plant and Equipment	47,618,425	563,238	<i>2</i> ₩	48,181,663
Less Accumulated Depreciation Plant and Equipment	12,049,360	676,041	=	12,725,401
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	35,569,065	(112,803)		35,456,262
Total Capital Assets	52,377,916	(112,803)		52,265,113

Depreciation expense of \$676,041 was charged to the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund.

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Balances

The composition of interfund balances as of the date of this report is as follows:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund		 Amount
General	Dolly Spiering Memorial	\$ 1,901
Police Pension	General	7,611
Waterworks and Sewerage	General	 733,481
		 742,993

Interfund balances are advances in anticipation of receipts.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS - Continued

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Transfer In	In Transfer Out		
Nonmajor Governmental	General	\$ 82,914	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

LONG-TERM DEBT

Loan Payable

Loans payable are utilized to acquire capital equipment. Loans payable currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Retired By	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
Loan Payable of 2006 due in monthly payments of \$3,011, including interest at 4.75% through November 8, 2011.	Capital Projects	\$ 54,616	-	34,223	20,393

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

General Obligation Bonds

The Village issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Village. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Retired By	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
General Obligation Bonds of 1998A - Due in annual installments of \$50,000 to \$300,000 plus interest at 4.35% through December 1, 2012.	Debt Service	\$ 850,000	¥	275,000	575,000
General Obligation Bonds of 2003 - Due in annual installments of \$70,000 to \$90,000 plus interest at 6.00%, through June 30, 2013.	Capital Projects	350,000	-	85,000	265,000
		1,200,000	(#.)	360,000	840,000

Revenue Bonds

The Village also issued bonds for which the Village pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Retired By	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
Revenue Bonds of 1998B - Due in annual installments of \$125,000 to \$250,000 plus interest at 4.35% through December 1, 2014.	Waterworks and Sewerage	\$ 1,175,000		225,000	950,000

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Revenue Bonds – Continued

Issue	Fund Retired By	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
Revenue Bonds of 2004 - Due in annual installments of \$75,000 to \$200,000 plus interest from 3.00% to 4.30 % through December 1, 2015.	Waterworks and Sewerage	\$ 775,000	-	100,000	675,000
		1,950,000	3	325,000	1,625,000

Alternate Revenue Source Bonds

The Village issues bonds for which the Village pledges income derived from specific revenue sources to pay debt service. Alternate revenue source bonds further pledge the full faith and credit of the Village should the alternate revenue source be insufficient. Alternate revenue source bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Retired By	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
Alternate Revenue Source Bonds of 2002A - Due in annual installments of \$75,000 to \$170,000 plus interest from 2.50% to 4.20% through December 1, 2019.	Debt Service	\$ 1,380,000	뀰	110,000	1,270,000
Alternate Revenue Source Bonds of 2010 - Due in annual installments of \$175,000 to \$205,000 plus interest from 2.75% to 7.08% through January 15, 2030.	Infrastructure Capital Projects	-	2,975,000	-	2,975,000
		1,380,000	2,975,000	110,000	4,245,000

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

IEPA Loans Payable

The Village has entered into loan agreements with the IEPA to provide low interest financing for waterworks and sewerage improvements. IEPA loans currently outstanding are as follows:

	Fund				
	Retired	Beginning			Ending
Issue	By	Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Balances
Loan Payable in Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA), due in annual installments including interest.	Waterworks and Sewerage	\$ 14,619,529	1,354,167	571,413	15,402,283

Debt Certificates

The Village issues debt certificates to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Debt certificates are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Village. Debt certificates currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Retired By	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
Debt Certificates of 2006 - Due in annual installments of \$135,000 to \$155,000 plus interest at 4.00% through December 15, 2011.	Waterworks and Sewerage	\$ 305,000		150,000	155,000

Noncommitment Debt - Special Service Area Bonds

Special service area bonds outstanding as of the date of this report totaled \$23,528,000. These bonds are not an obligation of the government and are secured by the levy of an annual tax on the real property within the special service area. The government is in no way liable for repayment but is only acting as agent for the property owners in levying and collecting the tax, and forwarding the collections to bondholders.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Long-Term Liability Activity

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

	Beginning			Endina	Amounts
Type of Debt	Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending	Due within
Туре от Беві	Datatices	Additions	Deductions	Balances	One Year
Governmental Activities					
Net Pension Obligation	\$ 1,249,039	153,742	-	1,402,781	· = 0
Compensated Absences	347,001	76,166	38,083	385,084	77,017
Loans Payable	54,616		34,223	20,393	20,393
General Obligation Bonds	1,200,000		360,000	840,000	360,000
Alternate Revenue Bonds	1,380,000	2,975,000	110,000	4,245,000	235,000
Net Other Post-Employment					
Benefit Obligation	23,344	13,798	: -	37,142	: = 0
	•	_			
	4,254,000	3,218,706	542,306	6,930,400	692,410
Business-Type Activities					
Compensated Absences	33,028	7,934	3,967	36,995	7,399
Revenue Bonds	1,950,000		325,000	1,625,000	325,000
IEPA Loan	14,619,529	1,354,167	571,413	15,402,283	=
Debt Certificates	305,000	F=8:	150,000	155,000	155,000
	16,907,557	1,362,101	1,050,380	17,219,278	487,399

The General Fund makes payments on the net pension obligation and the net other post-employment benefit obligation. Payments on the capital lease are made by the Capital Projects Fund and the payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds. The Debt Service Fund makes payments on the alternate revenue source bonds. The Waterworks and Sewerage Fund makes payments on the revenue bonds, IEPA loan and the debt certificates. Compensated absences for the governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund and compensated absences for the business-type activities are liquidated by the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year		Capit	al	General Ob	oligation	Alternate	Revenue
Ending		Leas	e	Bono	ds	Source Bonds	
April 30	P	rincipal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
<i>y.</i>							
2012	\$	20,393	329	360,000	33,762	235,000	222,662
2013		50 101	<u> </u>	390,000	19,080	250,000	215,375
2014		<u>.</u>	=	90,000	3,060	250,000	207,562
2015		≅	~	340	-	270,000	199,125
2016		-	-		; = ;	270,000	188,162
2017		-	-			285,000	176,387
2018		-	-		Z . ₩.	290,000	163,806
2019		-	-	:=:	. 	305,000	150,456
2020		-	-	≅चर		320,000	136,066
2021		-	-			150,000	120,676
2022		- -				155,000	110,926
2023		<u></u>	8		-	165,000	100,851
2024			=	**	S#1	170,000	90,126
2025		=	2	S#S	1000	160,000	79,076
2026		-	-	10 4 0	20#0	180,000	68,676
2027		-	-		5₩	190,000	55,932
2028		-	-	i:#1	-	195,000	42,480
2029		-	-	: -	1 -	205,000	28,674
2030			-	:	:€	200,000	14,160
Total	_	20,393	329	840,000	55,902	4,245,000	2,371,178

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - Continued

	Business-Type Activities				
Fiscal Year		Reven	ue	De	bt
Ending		Bono	ls	Certifi	cates
April 30		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2012	\$	325,000	69,302	155,000	6,000
2013		350,000	55,514	-	
2014		375,000	40,726	-	
2015		375,000	25,026	-	r e
2016		200,000	8,600	-	-
Total		1,625,000	199,168	155,000	6,000

Note: As of April 30, 2011 there is not a final repayment schedule on the IEPA loan payable, therefore, debt service requirements to maturity are not disclosed.

Legal Debt Margin

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides, "...no municipality having a population of less than 500,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 8.625% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the municipality's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

Assessed Valuation - 2010	\$ 404,560,318
Legal Debt Limit - 8.625% of Assessed Value	34,893,327
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit	
General Obligation Bond Series of 1998A	575,000
General Obligation Bond Series of 2003	265,000 840,000
Legal Debt Margin	34,053,327

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

EQUITY

Net Assets Classifications

Investment in capital assets – net of related debt, was comprised of the following as of April 30, 2011:

Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation		\$	70,273,331
Pluss Unspent Bond Proceeds	2,710,262		
Less Capital Related Debt:			
Capital Lease of 2006	(20,393)		
General Obligation Bonds of 1998A	(575,000)		
General Obligation Bonds of 2003	(265,000)		
Alternate Revenue Source Bonds of 2002A	(1,270,000)		
Alternate Revenue Source Bonds of 2010	(2,975,000)	-	(2,395,131)
Investment in Capital Assets - Net of Related Debt		_	67,878,200
Business-Type Activities			
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation			52,265,113
Less Capital Related Debt:			
Revenue Bonds of 1998B	(950,000)		
Revenue Bonds of 2004	(675,000)		
IEPA Loan	(15,402,283)		
Debt Certificates of 2006	(155,000)		(17,182,283)
Investment in Capital Assets - Net of Related Debt		_	35,082,830

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

EQUITY – Continued

Fund Balance - Reserved for Special Revenues - General Fund

The following is a schedule of fund balances reserved for special revenues as of the date of this report:

	Beginni	ng		Ending
	Balanc	e Increases	Decreases	Balance
Special Levies				
General Fund				
Liability Insurance	\$ (296,0	92) 116,705	391,230	(570,617)
Audit	(44,1	91) 16,737	28,000	(55,454)
	(340,2	83) 133,442	419,230	(626,071)
Negative Reserves Allocated to				
Unreserved Fund Balance	340,2	83		626,071
		<u>. </u>		
Dolly Spiering Memorial Fund	938,0	64 81,639	96,152	923,551

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the Village's employees. These risks are provided for through participation in the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association and private insurance coverage. The Village has purchased insurance from private insurance companies, covered risks included medical, dental, life and other. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. There were no significant changes in insurance coverages from the prior year and settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

RISK MANAGEMENT – Continued

Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRMA)

The Village participates in the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRMA). IMLRMA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in Illinois, which have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperations Statute to pool its risk management needs. The agency administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverages; property/casualty and workers' compensation claim administration/litigation management services; unemployment claim administration; extensive risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members.

Each member appoints one delegate to represent the member on the Board of Directors. The Village does not exercise any control over the activities of the Association beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

The Village participates in the minimum/maximum program with the Association Initial contributions are determined each year based on administrative expenses plus 80% of the normal loss fund. Annually the claims of members participating in the program are reviewed and when the Village's paid claims dollars exceed 100% of the loss fund, additional amounts will be due from the Village up to, but not to exceed 120% of the normal loss fund. The Village's payments to IMLRMA are displayed on the financial statements as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The Village is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Village's attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material, adverse effect on the financial condition of the Village.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Village contributes to two defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system; and the Police Pension Plan, which is a single-employer, pension plan. A copy of the Police Pension Plan report may be obtained by writing to the Village at 874 Main Street, Antioch, Illinois 60002. IMRF also issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Plan Descriptions, Provisions and Funding Policies

Illinois Municipal Retirement System

All employees (other than those covered by the Police plan) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. Participating members hired before January 1, 2011 who retire at or after age 60 with 8 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of their final rate (average of the highest 48 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years) of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2 percent for each year thereafter. For participating members hired on or after January 1, 2011 who retire at or after age 67 with 10 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of their final rate (average of the highest 96 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years) of earnings, for each year of credited service, with a maximum salary cap of \$106,800 at January 1, 2011. The maximum salary cap increases each year thereafter. The monthly pension of a member hired on or after January 1, 2011, shall be increased annually, following the later of the first anniversary date of retirement or the month following the attainment of age 62, by the lesser of 3% or ½ of the consumer price index. Employees with at least 10 years of credited service may retire at or after age 62 and receive a reduced benefit. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute. Employees participating in the plan are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary to IMRF. The employees' contribution rate is established by state statute. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amount necessary to fund the IMRF plan as specified by statute. The employer contribution rate for calendar year 2010 used by the employer was 9.04 percent of annual covered payroll. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2010 was 9.93 percent.

Police Pension Plan

The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois State Statutes and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Plan Descriptions, Provisions and Funding Policies - Continued

Police Pension Plan - Continued

At April 30, 2010 the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits and Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits but not yet Receiving Them.

9

Current Employees
Vested and Nonvested

28

37

The following is a summary of the Police Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of ½ of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 55 with at least 10 years creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final average salary for each year of service, with a maximum salary cap of \$106,800 as of January 1, 2011. The maximum salary cap increases each year thereafter. The monthly benefit of a police officer hired before January 1, 2011, who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter. The monthly pension of a police officer hired on or after January 1, 2011, shall be increased annually, following the later of the first anniversary date of retirement or the month following the attainment of age 60, but the lesser of 3% or ½ of the consumer price index. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan, including administrative costs, as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. By the year 2040 the Village's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan is 90% funded.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues when due, pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have any established market, if any, are reported at estimated fair value.

Significant Investments

There are no investments in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of net assets available for benefits for the Police Pension Plan. Information for IMRF is not available.

Related Party Transactions

There are no securities of the employer or any other related parties included in plan assets.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The amount of the pension liability for IMRF and the Police Pension Plan is as follows:

		Police
	IMRF	Pension
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 322,152	752,837
Interest on Net Pension Obligation	743	84,433
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	(1,187)	(38,445)
Annual Pension Cost	321,708	798,825
Actual Contribution	293,141	673,650
Increase to the NPO	28,567	125,175
NPO Beginning of Year	*	1,249,039
NPO End of Year	 28,567	1,374,214

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation - Continued

The annual pension cost for the current year and related plan information is as follows:

		Police
	IMRF	Pension
Contribution Rates Employer	9.04%	37.90%
Employee	4.50%	9.91%
Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/2010	4/30/2010
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age	Entry Age
	Normal	Normal
Amortization Method	Level %of	Level %of
	Projected Payroll	Projected Payroll
	Open Basis	Closed Basis
Remaining Amortization Period	30 Years	24 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year	3-Year
	Smoothed Market	Smoothed Market
Actuarial Assumptions		
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	7.00%
	Compounded	Compounded
	Annually	Annually
Projected Salary Increases	.4 to 10.0%	N/A
Inflation Rate Included	4.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	3.00%	3.00%

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Trend Information

Employer annual pension cost (APC), actual contributions and the net pension obligation (NPO) are as follows. The NPO is the cumulative difference between the APC and the contributions actually made.

	Fiscal		Police
	Year	IMRF	Pension
Annual Pension Cost	2009	\$ 224,702	\$ 654,953
(APC)	2010	228,845	719,636
	2011	321,708	798,825
Actual Contributions	2009	224,702	607,851
	2010	228,845	673,889
	2011	293,141	673,650
Percentage of APC	2009	100.00%	92.81%
Contributed	2010	100.00%	93.64%
	2011	91.12%	84.33%
Net Pension Obligation	2009		1,203,292
C	2010	₹/	1,249,039
	2011	28,567	1,374,214

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The Village's funded status for the current year and related information for each plan is as follows:

	Illinois	
	Municipal	Police
	Retirement	Pension
Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/10	12/31/10
Percent Funded	92.73%	33.07%
Actuarial Accrued Liability for Benefits	\$6,452,453	\$13,875,430
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$5,983,277	\$4,588,677
Over (Under) Funded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	(\$469,176)	(\$9,286,753)
Covered Payroll (Annual Payroll of Active Employees Covered by the Plan)	\$3,259,618	\$1,804,096
Ratio of UAAL to Covered Payroll	14.39%	514.76%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Descriptions, Provisions, and Funding Policies

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the Village provides post-employment health care insurance benefits (OPEB) for its eligible retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Village and can be amended by the Village through its personnel manual and union contracts. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the plan is reported in the Village's General Fund.

The Village provides post-employment health care benefits to its retirees. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under one of the Village's retirement plans. Elected officials are eligible for benefits if they qualify for retirement through the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund.

All health care benefits are provided through the Village's health insurance plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental, nervous, and substance abuse care; vision care; dental care; and prescriptions. Upon a retiree reaching 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the Village's plan becomes secondary.

All retirees contribute 100% of the actuarially determined premium to the plan. For the fiscal year ending April 30, 2011, retirees contributed \$58,892. Active employees do not contribute to the plan until retirement.

At April 30, 2009, the date of the most recent actuarial report, membership consisted of:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits and Terminated Employees Entitled	
to Benefits but not yet Receiving Them	8
Active Employees	92
Total	100
Participating Employers	1

The Village does not currently have a funding policy.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The net OPEB obligation (NOPEBO) as of April 30, 2011, was calculated as follows:

	OPEB
Annual Required Contribution Interest on the NOPEBO Adjustment to the ARC	\$ 36,120 1,167 (584)
Annual OPEB Cost Actual Contribution	36,703 22,905
Increase in the NOPEBO	13,798
NOPEBO - Beginning of Year	23,344
NOPEBO - End of Year	37,142

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Trend Information

The Village's annual OPEB cost, actual contributions, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed and the net OPEB obligation are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB Cost	Actual Contributions	Percentage of OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2009	\$ 34,499	\$ 22,905	66.40 %	\$ 11,594
2010	34,655	22,905	66.09	23,344
2011	36,703	22,905	62.41	37,142

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2011

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of April 30, 2009, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, was as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$	492,395
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets		ü
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)		492,395
Funded Ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		0.00%
Covered Payroll (active plan members)	:	5,165,615
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		9.53%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the April 30, 2009 actuarial valuation the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5.0% investment rate of return (including a 3% inflation assumption) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0%, with an ultimate rate of 6.0%. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the Village has not advance funded its obligation. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at April 30, 2011, was 30 years.

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On August 3, 2011 the Village received \$700,000 from an insurance settlement dated July 21, 2011 related to Neumann Homes.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions
 - > Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)
 - > Police Pension Fund
 - > Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
 - General Fund
 - > Dolly Spiering Memorial Special Revenue Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

• Budgetary information – budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions April 30, 2011

Funding P	rogress							
1 mmmg A	(1) Actuarial		(2) Actuarial Accrued	(3)	(O [,]	(4) Infunded verfunded) Actuarial	(5)	(6) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage
Actuarial	Value	I	Liability	Funded		Accrued	Annual	of Covered
Valuation	of Plan		(AAL)	Ratio]	Liability	Covered	Payroll
Dec. 31	Assets		Entry Age	$(1) \div (2)$		(2) - (1)	Payroll	$(4) \div (5)$
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009	\$ 4,544,915 6,474,264 7,024,623 5,778,192 5,658,993		5,041,520 5,214,843 5,747,233 6,337,513 5,816,686	90.15% 124.15% 122.23% 91.17% 97.29%	•	496,605 1,259,421) 1,277,390) 559,321 157,693	\$ 2,948,038 3,256,797 3,495,727 3,527,502 3,537,013	16.85% (38.67%) (36.54%) 15.86% 4.46%
2010	5,983,277		6,452,453	92.73%		469,176	3,259,618	14.39%
Employer	Contributions							
Fiscal						Annual		
Year		Е	Employer]	Required		Percent
Ended		Co	ntributions		Co	ontribution		Contributed
2006 2007		\$	308,365 347,826		\$	308,365 347,826	×	100.00% 100.00%
2008			310,770			310,770		100.00%
2009			224,702			224,702		100.00%
2010			228,845			228,845		100.00%
2011			293,141			322,152		90.99%

Police Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions April 30, 2011

Funding P	rngr	ess							
runuing r	i ogi	6 55							(6)
									Unfunded
									(Overfunded)
									Actuarial
							(4)		Accrued
				(2)			Unfunded		Liability
		(1)	A	Actuarial		`	Overfunded)		as a
		Actuarial		Accrued	(3)		Actuarial	(5)	Percentage
Actuarial		Value]	Liability	Funded		Accrued	Annual	of Covered
Valuation		of Plan		(AAL)	Ratio		Liability	Covered	Payroll
April 30		Assets	-]	Entry Age	$(1) \div (2)$		(2) - (1)	Payroll	$(4) \div (5)$
							4 400 000	A 1 011 004	427 720/
2005	\$	3,223,096		7,652,166	42.12%	\$, ,	\$ 1,011,824	437.73%
2006		3,591,437		9,202,133	39.03%		5,610,696	1,501,283	373.73%
2007		3,495,893		0,076,618	34.69%		6,580,725	1,440,289	456.90%
2008		3,866,277		1,393,832	33.93%		7,527,555	1,638,113	459.53%
2009		4,204,291		2,279,464	34.24%		8,075,173	1,777,960	454.18%
2010		4,588,677	1	3,875,430	33.07%		9,286,753	1,804,096	514.76%
Employer	Con	tributions							
Fiscal							Annual		
Year			I	Employer			Required		Percent
Ended				ntributions		C	Contribution		Contributed
2006			\$	325,468		\$	355,071		91.66%
2007			Ψ	331,778		Ψ	493,234		67.27%
2007				389,075			525,656		74.02%
2008				607,851			606,509		100.22%
2009				673,889			673,759		100.02%
2010				673,650			752,837		89.48%
2011				073,030			,02,007		

Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions April 30, 2011

Funding P	rogress					
g						(6) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial
		(2)		(4)		Accrued
	(1)	(2)		Unfunded		Liability
1	(1) Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	(2)	(Overfunded) Actuarial	(5)	as a Percentage
Actuarial Valuation	Value	Liability	(3) Funded	Accrued	Annual	of Covered
Valuation Date	of Plan	(AAL)	Ratio	Liability	Covered	Payroll
April 30	Assets	- Entry Age	$(1) \div (2)$	(2) - (1)	Payroll	$(4) \div (5)$
11011100		, ,				
2006	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	N/A
2007	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2008	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2009	(₩ ())	492,395	0.00%	492,395	5,165,615	9.53%
2010	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2011	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer	Contributions					
Year				Annual		
Ended		Employer		Required		Percent
April 30		Contributions		Contribution		Contributed
2006		\$ N/A		\$ N/A		N/A
2007		N/A		N/A		N/A
2007		N/A		N/A		N/A
2009		22,905		34,499		66.39%
2010		22,905		34,075		67.22%
2011		22,905		36,120		63.41%

The Village implemented GASB Statement No. 45 for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2009. Information for other years is not available. The Village is required to have an actuarial valuation performed triennially.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2011

		Budg	get	
		Original	Final	Actual
Revenues	\$	0 407 000	8,486,828	8,664,694
Taxes	Ф	8,486,828	1,466,058	1,416,521
Charges for Services		1,466,058	306,000	270,472
Licenses and Permits		306,000	•	168,910
Intergovernmental		132,569	132,569	,
Fines and Forfeitures		178,300	178,300	148,441
Interest		7,202	7,202	36,377
Miscellaneous	-	579,433	579,433	599,474
Total Revenues	<u></u>	11,156,390	11,156,390	11,304,889
Expenditures				
General Government		2,038,770	2,038,770	2,044,865
Community Development		663,297	663,297	620,839
Public Safety		5,692,233	5,692,233	5,629,264
Public Works		2,024,108	2,024,108	1,909,198
Culture and Recreation		592,251	592,251	689,830
Total Expenditures	-	11,010,659	11,010,659	10,893,996
Tomi Experientia	-			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures		145,731	145,731	410,893
Other Financing (Uses)				
Transfers Out		<u> </u>	1	(82,914)
Transfers Out	30 			
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	145,731	145,731	327,979
Fund Balance - Beginning				(226,934)
Fund Balance - Ending				101,045

Dolly Spiering Memorial - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2011

		Budget		
	Or	ginal	Final	Actual
Revenues				52.002
Charges for Services	\$	20.000	20,000	53,083 28,556
Interest		20,000		
Total Revenues		20,000	20,000	81,639
Expenditures Culture and Recreation				
Parks	1	17,521	117,521	96,152
Net Change in Fund Balance	(97,521)	(97,521)	(14,513)
Fund Balance - Beginning				938,064
Fund Balance - Ending				923,551

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

• Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

Debt Service Fund

Special Service Area #1 – Capital Projects Fund

Special Service Area #2 – Capital Projects Fund

Capital Projects - Capital Projects Fund

• Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Motor Fuel Tax - Special Revenue Fund

Drug Seizure - Special Revenue Fund

Park Acquisition - Capital Projects Fund

Infrastructure Projects - Capital Projects Fund

Major Proprietary Fund – Waterworks and Sewerage Fund – Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Net Assets

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Schedule of Changes in Net Assets - Restricted - Bond Accounts

Fiduciary Funds

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Police Pension – Pension Trust Fund Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are created to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital project funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Dolly Spiering Memorial Fund

The Dolling Spiering Memorial Fund is used to account for the use of funds provided by an estate bequeath by Ms. Dolly Spiering to the Village senior center.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used to account for the maintenance and construction of streets and roads as approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation.

Tax Increment Financing Fund

The Tax Increment Financing Fund is used to account for expenditures of incremental property taxes and sales tax generated in the designated downtown Tax Increment Financing area.

Drug Seizure Fund

The Drug Seizure Fund is used to account for drug seizure revenues reserved for approved public safety expenditures.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Funds are created to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are created to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by a governmental unit except those financed by Proprietary Funds.

Special Service Area #1 Fund

The Special Services Area #1 Fund is used to account for a portion of the infrastructure costs for the area designated as Special Service Area #1.

Special Service Area #2 Fund

The Special Services Area #2 Fund is used to account for a portion of the infrastructure costs for the area designated as Special Service Area #2.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for capital improvement expenditures.

Park Acquisition Fund

The Park Acquisition Fund is used to account for park improvement expenditures.

Infrastructure Projects Fund

The Infrastructure Projects Fund is used to account for the expenditures of the Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds and Recovery Zone Bond proceeds. The proceeds of the Bonds must be applied to public projects that would enhance economic development.

ENTERPRISE FUND

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purpose. The Village's enterprise fund is a non-major fund.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

ENTERPRISE FUND

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund

The Waterworks and Sewerage Fund is used to account for the provision of potable water and wastewater treatment services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations and maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS

PENSION TRUST FUND

Police Pension Fund

The Police Pension Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement annuity payments to employees on the police force at appropriate amounts and times in the future. Resources are contributed by employees at rates fixed by law and by the Village at amounts determined by an annual actuarial study.

AGENCY FUNDS

Escrow Deposit Fund

The Escrow Deposit Fund is used to account for the collection and use of the escrow activity.

Special Service Area #1 Fund

To account for the collection of property taxes within Special Service Area #1 and payments of related special service area debt.

Special Service Area #2 Fund

To account for the collection of property taxes within Special Service Area #2 and payments of related special service area debt.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Budg	et	
	Original	Final	Actual
Taxes	A 2.075.260	2.075.260	3,066,114
Property Taxes	\$ 3,075,360	3,075,360	, ,
Sales Tax	3,184,578	3,184,578	3,126,479
State Income Tax	1,056,748	1,056,748	1,070,015
Personal Property Replacement Tax	47,000	47,000	56,290
Hotel/Motel Tax	45,000	45,000	40,419
State Use Tax	164,688	164,688	196,477
Utility Taxes	874,000	874,000	1,076,281
Other Taxes	39,454	39,454	32,619
	8,486,828	8,486,828	8,664,694
Chausa for Sarriaga			
Charges for Services	209,200	209,200	267,554
Program Fees	281,060	281,060	288,763
Expense Reimbursements	14,000	14,000	13,624
Impact Fees - Developers Contributions	4,000	4,000	3,006
Planning and Zoning Services	489,203	489,203	435,571
Salary Reimbursement	244,800	244,800	211,832
Dispatching	39,000	39,000	1,321
Police Special Services	200	200	125
Photocopy	52,000	52,000	49,969
Parking Fees	44,000	44,000	51,960
Pool Fees	6,000	6,000	500
Special Events	•	11,000	12,755
4th of July Fees	11,000	•	79,541
Rental Fees	71,595	71,595 1,466,058	1,416,521
	1,466,058	1,400,038	1,410,321
Licenses and Permits			
Building Permits	176,000	176,000	143,322
Licenses and Other Fees	130,000	130,000	127,150
	306,000	306,000	270,472

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Continued Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Budg	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	
Intergovernmental Road and Bridge Tax	\$ 132,569	132,569	117,078	
Grants - Police	ä	/ ₩	51,832	
	132,569	132,569	168,910	
Fines and Forfeitures				
Towing Fines	25,000	25,000	19,750	
Parking Fines	2,100	2,100	155	
Court Fines	151,100	151,100	128,536	
Drug Seizure/DUI	100	100	=	
S	178,300	178,300	148,441	
Interest	7,202	7,202	36,377	
Miscellaneous				
Infrastructure Fee	158,185	158,185	103,183	
Donations	9,850	9,850	6,315	
Administrative Services Fees	353,698	353,698	356,218	
Public Works Services Fees		<u> </u>	14,640	
Other	57,700	57,700	119,118	
	579,433	579,433	599,474	
Total Revenues	11,156,390	11,156,390	11,304,889	

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual

Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Bud	get	
	Original	Final	Actual
General Government			
Personal Services	\$ 986,291	986,291	946,599
Contractual Services	951,291	951,291	1,038,958
Commodities	32,550	32,550	47,997
Capital Outlay	18,638	18,638	11,311
Contingency	50,000	50,000	(6):
	2,038,770	2,038,770	2,044,865
Community Development			
Personal Services	541,277	541,277	532,275
Contractual Services	108,820	108,820	74,361
Commodities	7,400	7,400	6,701
Capital Outlay	5,800	5,800	7,502
	663,297	663,297	620,839
Public Safety			
Personal Services	5,037,304	5,037,304	5,151,041
Contractual Services	364,854	364,854	215,719
Commodities	189,175	189,175	211,756
Capital Outlay	100,900	100,900	50,748
	5,692,233	5,692,233	5,629,264
Public Works	4 4 4 4 0 0 0	1 141 000	1 002 626
Personal Services	1,141,908	1,141,908	1,093,639
Contractual Services	703,800	703,800	601,683
Commodities	176,400	176,400	213,748 128
Capital Outlay	2,000 2,024,108	2,000 2,024,108	1,909,198
	2,024,108	2,024,100	1,909,190
Culture and Recreation	409,166	409,166	484,20
Personal Services	153,420	153,420	181,686
Contractual Services	153,420 27,465	27,465	23,283
Commodities	2,463	2,403	23,26.
Capital Outlay	592,251	592,251	689,830
	·		
Total Expenditures	11,010,659	11,010,659	10,893,99

Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Budge		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues Taxes	d 410.042	410.049	400 460
Property Taxes	\$ 410,048	410,048	408,468
Expenditures			
Debt service			
Principal Retirement	360,000	360,000	360,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	56,900	56,900	49,475
Total Expenditures	416,900	416,900	409,475
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,852)	(6,852)	(1,007)
Fund Balance - Beginning			400,153
Fund Balance - Ending			399,146

Special Service Area #1 - Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2011

		Budget		
	C	riginal	Final	Actual
Revenues Interest	\$	2,000	2,000	2
Expenditures Capital Outlay		<u> </u>	_*_	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,000	2,000	·
Fund Balance - Beginning				
Fund Balance - Ending				8

Special Service Area #2 - Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2011

		Budget		
	C	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues Interest	\$	5,000	5,000	26
Expenditures Capital Outlay		: -	*	% ≑ :
Net Change in Fund Balance		5,000	5,000	26
Fund Balance - Beginning				321,079
Fund Balance - Ending				321,105

Capital Projects - Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Budg	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	Ф. 1.200.000	1 200 000	1 004 500	
Grants	\$ 1,300,000	1,300,000	1,094,599	
Miscellaneous	440,000	440,000		
Total Revenues	1,740,000	1,740,000	1,094,599	
Expenditures				
Capital Outlay				
Improvements	3,984,000	3,984,000	1,182,656	
Equipment				
Other	377,600	377,600	204,806	
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	25,000	25,000	34,223	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	8,500	8,500	1,941	
Total Expenditures	4,395,100	4,395,100	1,423,626	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,655,100)	(2,655,100)	(329,027)	
Fund Balance - Beginning			643,632_	
Fund Balance - Ending			314,605	

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2011

3	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Pro			
	Motor	Tax Increment	Drug	Park	Infrastructure	
	Fuel Tax	Financing	Seizure	Acquisition	Projects	Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$ 90,508	251	5,995	118,801	2,710,262	2,925,817
Receivables - Net of Allowances						
Property Taxes		322	8	4	**	322
Other Taxes	28,325	·	-		:•	28,325
Total Assets	118,833	573	5,995	118,801	2,710,262	2,954,464
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					ē	
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	ě	=	=	- 55	:€:	55
Unearned/Deferred Revenue	4	322	#	3 = 1 _	(= /	322_
Total Liabilities	=	322	F	55	.	377
Fund Balances Unreserved	118,833	251	5,995	118,746	2,710,262	2,954,087
						×
Total Liabilities and						
Fund Balances	118,833	573	5,995	118,801	2,710,262	2,954,464

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds			
	Motor	Tax Increment	Drug	Park	Infrastructure	
	Fuel Tax	Financing	Seizure	Acquisition	Projects	Totals
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ -	251	#	:(=:	300	251
Intergovernmental	422,793	-	₩.	4.7	•	422,793
Fines and Forfeitures		8	5,760	=	i ;	5,760
Interest	171	<u> </u>	12	527	5,214	5,924
Total Revenues	422,964	251	5,772	527	5,214	434,728
Expenditures			2 711			3,711
Public Safety		ā	3,711	-	:-	
Highways and Streets	227,753	-	-	-	221.740	227,753
Capital Outlay	:=0		₹T	₩.	231,740	231,740
Debt Service						110.000
Principal Retirement	110,000	≔ 0	3 # .€		-	110,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges				13,022	121,126	188,123
Total Expenditures	391,728		3,711	13,022	352,866	761,327
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						(0.5 (5.00)
Over (Under) Expenditures	31,236	251	2,061	(12,495)	(347,652)	(326,599)
Other Financing Sources						
Debt Issuance	-	*	-	(a)	2,975,000	2,975,000
Transfers In		; # ≤			82,914	82,914
				91	3,057,914	3,057,914
	01.006	0.51	2.061	(12.405)	2 710 262	2 721 215
Net Change in Fund Balances	31,236	251	2,061	(12,495)	2,710,262	2,731,315
Fund Balances - Beginning	87,597	-	3,934	131,241		222,772
Fund Balances - Ending	118,833	251	5,995	118,746	2,710,262	2,954,087

Motor Fuel Tax - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Intergovernmental			
Motor Fuel Tax Allotments	\$ 351,334	351,334	422,793
Interest	2,500	2,500	<u> 171</u>
Total Revenues	353,834	353,834	422,964
Expenditures			
Highways and Streets			
Contractual Services	20,000	20,000	600
Capital Outlay	158,000	158,000	227,153
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	110,000	110,000	110,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	54,000	54,000	53,975
Total Expenditures	342,000	342,000	391,728
Net Change in Fund Balance	11,834	11,834	31,236
Fund Balance - Beginning	-		87,597
Fund Balance - Ending			118,833

Drug Seizure - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2011

		Budget			
)riginal	Final	Actual	
Revenues					
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	3,000	3,000	5,760	
Interest		300	300	12	
Total Revenues		3,300	3,300	5,772	
Expenditures					
Public Safety					
Commodities	-	-	-	3,711	
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,300	3,300	2,061	
Fund Balance - Beginning				3,934	
Fund Balance - Ending				5,995	

Park Acquisition - Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues Interest	\$ 1,200	1,200	527
Expenditures Capital Outlay Improvements	35,000	35,000	13,022_
Net Change in Fund Balance	(33,800)	(33,800)	(12,495)
Fund Balance - Beginning			131,241_
Fund Balance - Ending			118,746_

Infrastructure Projects - Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Budge	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues				
Interest	\$ -		5,214	
Expenditures				
Capital Outlay				
Professional Services	90,000	90,000	28,400	
Lake City-North Ave Relocate	<u>~</u>	(*	203,340	
Debt Service				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	96,000	96,000	121,126	
Total Expenditures	186,000	186,000	352,866	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		(105000)	(0.15.650)	
Over (Under) Expenditures	(186,000)	(186,000)	(347,652)	
	*			
Other Financing Sources			2.075.000	
Debt Issuance	-		2,975,000	
Transfers In			82,914 3,057,914	
			3,037,914	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(186,000)	(186,000)	2,710,262	
Fund Balance - Beginning			<u></u>	
1 und Daminoo - Dogiming			**	
Fund Balance - Ending			2,710,262	

Waterworks and Sewerage - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Net Assets April 30, 2011

	0	-	Restricted Acco	ounts	
	Operations and	Bond	D 4		
	Maintenance	and Interest	Bond Reserve	Depreciation	Totals
			11000110	Бергесіалоп	Totals
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and Investments	\$ 94,819	=	:=:	*	94,819
Receivables - Net of Allowances					
Accounts	1,126,360	-		*:	1,126,360
Due from Other Funds	733,481	-	-	•	733,481
Prepaids	16,295	<u> </u>	·=:	4 0	16,295
	1,970,955		: ₩ (*	1,970,955
Restricted Assets					
Cash and Investments	215,000	233,892	208,600	100,000	757,492
Total Current Assets	2,185,955	233,892	208,600	100,000	2,728,447
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets					
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	16,808,851	140	2 €10	٠	16,808,851
Depreciable Capital Assets	48,181,663	*	<u>125</u>)	2	48,181,663
Accumulated Depreciation	(12,725,401)	## 	à .	-	(12,725,401)
	52,265,113	<u>``</u>	щ	::=	52,265,113
Other Assets Unamortized Bond Costs	20,191	-50	-	: e	20,191
Total Noncurrent Assets	52,285,304	120	-	~	52,285,304
Total Assets	54,471,259	233,892	208,600	100,000	55,013,751

	Restricted Accounts					
	C	perations	Bond		<u> </u>	
		and	and	Bond		
	<u>M</u>	aintenance	Interest	Reserve	Depreciation	Totals
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	•					
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	360,371	-	*	-	360,371
Accrued Payroll		9,123	·	= (-	9,123
Unearned/Deferred Revenue		261,746	:₩:	948	#	261,746
Compensated Absences Payable		7,399		.	_	7,399
Revenue Bonds Payable		225,000	-	<u></u>	<u>=</u>	225,000
Debt Certificates Payable		155,000	-	_	_	155,000
•		1,018,639		an and	•	1,018,639
B 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1						
Restricted Liabilities			100.000			400.000
Interest Payable		8	133,892	ā	i.e	133,892
Revenue Bonds Payable			100,000		?¥	100,000
		-	233,892		35.	233,892
Total Current Liabilities		1,018,639	233,892	-	-	1,252,531
Long-Term Liabilities						
Compensated Absences Payable		29,596	_	_	0=	29,596
Revenue Bonds Payable		1,300,000			_	1,300,000
IEPA Loans Payable		15,402,283	=	ž) =	15,402,283
The state of the s		1 6 721 070				16 701 070
Total Long-Term Liabilities	-	16,731,879	*	= =	•	16,731,879
Total Liabilities		17,750,518	233,892	*		17,984,410
Net Assets						
Invested in Capital Assets - Net						
of Related Debt		35,082,830	920	12	-	35,082,830
Restricted - Debt Service		215,000	(= 0	208,600	100,000	523,600
Unrestricted		1,422,911	•		-	1,422,911
Total Net Assets		36,720,741	20031	208,600	100.000	
Total Not Assets	_	00,720,741	(*);	∠∪0,0UU	100,000	37,029,341

Waterworks and Sewerage - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 2,101,500	2,101,500	2,253,625
Operating Expenses			
Administration	758,001	758,001	646,122
Operations	1,481,928	1,481,928	1,457,667
Depreciation and Amortization	- , ,	-, 101,510	680,079
Total Operating Expenses	2,239,929	2,239,929	2,783,868
Operating Income (Loss)	(138,429)	(138,429)	(530,243)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Connection Fees	20,000	20,000	5,150
Other Income	859,083	859,083	44,502
Interest Income	27,000	27,000	8,439
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(457,639)	(457,639)	(467,482)
	448,444	448,444	(409,391)
Change in Net Assets	310,015	310,015	(939,634)
Net Assets - Beginning			37,968,975
Net Assets - Ending			37,029,341

Waterworks and Sewerage - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Changes in Net Assets - Restricted - Debt Service Year Ended April 30, 2011

	-	erations and ntenance	Bond and Interest	Bond Reserve	Depreciation	Totals
Increases						
Intrafund Transfers In	\$		408,087	·		408,087
Decreases						
Bond Principal		-	325,000	-	8	325,000
Bond Interest		.e/.	83,087	987		83,087
			408,087	[5 8]		408,087
Net Increase (Decrease)		•		-	-	通名
Account Balances					400.000	
Beginning	2	15,000	-	208,600	100,000	523,600
Ending	2	15,000	-	208,600	100,000	523,600

Waterworks and Sewerage - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Budge	et	
	Original	Final	Actual
Administration			
Personal Services	\$ 206,971	206,971	225,356
Contractual Services	547,655	547,655	417,209
Commodities		*	117
Capital Outlay	3,375	3,375	3,440
Total Administration	758,001	758,001	646,122
Operations			
Water Department			
Personal Services	154,892	154,892	160,455
Contractual Services	242,550	242,550	278,911
Commodities	101,750	101,750	79,401
Capital Outlay	2,300	2,300	2,899
•	501,492	501,492	521,666
Sewer Department			
Personal Services	52,981	52,981	56,939
Contractual Services	327,500	327,500	267,141
Commodities	3,000	3,000	601
Capital Outlay	₩ 0		12,201
	383,481	383,481	336,882
Treatment Plant			
Personal Services	210,018	210,018	203,963
Contractual Services	318,287	318,287	310,851
Commodities	49,000	49,000	60,318
Capital Outlay	5,000	5,000	7,558
	582,305	582,305	582,690
Industrial Pre-Treatment			
Contractual Services	12,000	12,000	16,429
Capital Outlay	2,650	2,650	2.5
•	14,650	14,650	16,429

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund

Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual - Continued Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Bud		
	Original	Final	Actual
Operations - Continued			
Capital Outlay			
Capital Outlay - Water	\$ 100,000	100,000	-
Capital Outlay - Sewer	930,000	930,000	1,500
Capital Outlay - Treatment Plant	1,805,000	1,805,000	561,738
Less Nonoperating Items			
Capitalizations	(2,835,000)	(2,835,000)	(563,238)
			
Total Capital Outlay	**	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	1,046,413	1,046,413	1,046,413
Interest and Fiscal Charges	457,639	457,639	467,482
Less Nonoperating Items	,		
Debt Service	(1,504,052)	(1,504,052)	(1,513,895)
Total Debt Service	<u> </u>	(<u>4</u>)	<u> </u>
Total Operations	1,481,928	1,481,928	1,457,667
Depreciation and Amortization		8 0	680,079
Total Operating Expenses	2,239,929	2,239,929	2,783,868

Police Pension - Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Changes in Net Plan Assets - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Budg	et	
	Original	Final	Actual
Additions			
Contributions - Employer	\$ 673,650	673,650	673,650
Contributions - Plan Members	158,893	158,893	196,774
Total Contributions	832,543	832,543	870,424
Investment Income			
Interest Earned	100,000	100,000	197,104
Net Change in Fair Value	:: - :	, .	80,950
3	100,000	100,000	278,054
Less Investment Expenses	(*************************************	#.	
Net Investment Income	100,000	100,000	278,054
Total Additions	932,543	932,543	1,148,478
Deductions			
Administration	18,500	18,500	30,76
Benefits and Refunds	442,000	442,000	591,21
Total Deductions	460,500	460,500	621,98
Net Increase	472,043	472,043	526,493
Net Plan Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits			5,296,01
Beginning			
Ending			5,822,50

Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities April 30, 2011

See Following Page

Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities April 30, 2011

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances
All Funds				
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,133,652		159,416	2,974,236
LIABILITIES				
Deposits Payable	155,764	=	59,731	96,033
Due to Bondholders	2,977,888	(99,685	2,878,203
Total Liabilities	3,133,652	· -	159,416	2,974,236
Escrow Deposit Fund				
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	155,764	-	59,731	96,033
LIABILITIES				
Deposits Payable	155,764	-	59,731	96,033

3	Beginning	. 110	D 1 4	Ending
	Balances	Additions	Deductions	Balances
Special Service Area #1 Fund				
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	1,065,817		55,183	1,010,634
LIABILITIES				
Due to Bondholders	1,065,817	i a	55,183	1,010,634
Special Service Area #2 Fund				
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	1,912,071		44,502	1,867,569
LIABILITIES				
Due to Bondholders	1,912,071	-	44,502	1,867,569

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Loan Payable of 2006 April 30, 2011

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Interest Rates
Interest Dates
Principal Maturity Date
Payable at

November 8, 2006 November 11, 2011 \$160,000 4.75% 8th of the Month 8th of the Month State Bank of the Lakes

Fiscal Year Ending				
April 30	P	rincipal	Interest	Totals
2012	\$	20,393	329	20,722

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Bonds of 1998A April 30, 2011

October 5, 1998 Date of Issue December 1, 2012 Date of Maturity \$2,500,000 Authorized Issue \$5,000 Denomination of Bonds 4.35% **Interest Rates** June 1 and December 1 **Interest Dates** December 1 Principal Maturity Date J.P. Morgan Trust Company, National Association Payable at

Fiscal Year Ending			
April 30	Principal	Interest	Totals
2012 2013	\$ 275,000 300,000	25,012 13,050	300,012 313,050
	 575,000	38,062	613,062

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Bonds of 2003 April 30, 2011

April 7, 2003 Date of Issue June 30, 2013 Date of Maturity \$805,000 Authorized Issue \$5,000 Denomination of Bonds 6.00% **Interest Rates** June 30 and December 30 **Interest Dates** December 30 Principal Maturity Date J.P. Morgan Trust Company, National Association Payable at

Fiscal Year Ending				
April 30	F	Principal	Interest	Totals
2012	\$	85,000	8,750	93,750
2013		90,000	6,030	96,030
2014		90,000	3,060	93,060
		265,000	17,840	282,840

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Waterworks and Sewerage Revenue Bonds of 1998B April 30, 2011

Date of Issue	October 26, 1998
Date of Maturity	December 1, 2014
Authorized Issue	\$3,000,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rates	4.35%
Interest Dates	June 1 and December 1
Principal Maturity Date	December 1
Payable at	J.P. Morgan Trust Company, National Association

		Totals
\$ 225,000	41,326	266,326
225,000	31,538	256,538
250,000	21,750	271,750
250,000	11,176	261,176
\$	225,000 250,000	225,000 31,538 250,000 21,750

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Waterworks and Sewerage Revenue Bonds of 2004 April 30, 2011

April 5, 2004 Date of Issue December 1, 2015 Date of Maturity \$1,200,000 Authorized Issue \$5,000 Denomination of Bonds 3.00% to 4.30% **Interest Rates** June 1 and December 1 **Interest Dates** Principal Maturity Date December 1 J.P. Morgan Trust Company, National Association Payable at

Fiscal	Year
End	ino

April 30		Principal	Interest	Totals
2012	\$	100,000	27,976	127,976
2013	•	125,000	23,976	148,976
2014		125,000	18,976	143,976
2015		125,000	13,850	138,850
2016		200,000	8,600	208,600
		675,000	93,378	768,378

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Alternate Revenue Source Bonds of 2002A April 30, 2011

Date of Issue	October 7, 2002
Date of Maturity	December 1, 2019
Authorized Issue	\$2,000,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rates	2.50% to 4.20%
Interest Dates	June 1 and December 1
Principal Maturity Date	December 1
Payable at	J.P. Morgan Trust Company, National Association

Fiscal	Y	ear
100	11	_

Ending April 30	I	Principal	Interest	Totals
2012	\$	110,000	50,125	160,125
2013		125,000	46,275	171,275
2014		125,000	41,900	166,900
2015		140,000	36,900	176,900
2016		140,000	31,300	171,300
2017		150,000	25,700	175,700
2018		150,000	19,700	169,700
2019		160,000	13,700	173,700
2020		170,000	7,140	177,140
		1,270,000	272,740	1,542,740

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Alternate Revenue Source Bonds of 2010 April 30, 2011

Date of Issue	April 19, 2010
Date of Maturity	January 15, 2030
Authorized Issue	\$2,975,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rates	2.75% to 7.08%
Interest Dates	January 15 and July 15
Principal Maturity Date	January 15
Payable at	Amalgamated Bank of Chicago

Fiscal Year				
Ending			Ŧ.,	T-4-1-
April 30	H	Principal	Interest	Totals
				005.505
2012	\$	125,000	172,537	297,537
2013		125,000	169,100	294,100
2014		125,000	165,662	290,662
2015		130,000	162,225	292,225
2016		130,000	156,862	286,862
2017		135,000	150,687	285,687
2018		140,000	144,106	284,106
2019		145,000	136,756	281,756
2020		150,000	128,926	278,926
2021		150,000	120,676	270,676
2022		155,000	110,926	265,926
2023		165,000	100,851	265,851
2024		170,000	90,126	260,126
2025		160,000	79,076	239,076
2026		180,000	68,676	248,676
2027		190,000	55,932	245,932
2028	8	195,000	42,480	237,480
2029		205,000	28,674	233,674
2030		200,000	14,160	214,160
	-			
		2,975,000	2,098,438	5,073,438

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Debt Certificates of 2006 April 30, 2011

December 4, 2006 Date of Issue December 15, 2011 Date of Maturity \$720,000 Authorized Issue \$5,000 Denomination of Bonds 4.00% **Interest Rates** June 15 and December 15 **Interest Dates** December 15 Principal Maturity Date J.P. Morgan Trust Company, National Association Payable at

Fiscal Year Ending			
April 30	Principal	Interest	Totals
2012	\$ 155,000	6,000	161,000

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Village's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Village's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Village's most significant local revenue sources.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Village's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Village's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Village's financial report relates to the services the Village provides and the activities it performs.

Net Assets by Component - Last Seven Fiscal Years* April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

See Following Page

Net Assets by Component - Last Seven Fiscal Years* April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

	2005
Governmental Activities	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$ 13,142,837
Restricted	4,702,451
Unrestricted	3,008,681
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	20,853,969
	N=====================================
Business-Type Activities	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	6,095,210
Restricted	523,600
Unrestricted	2,742,323
Total Business-Type Activities Net Assets	9,361,133
Total	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	19,238,047
Restricted	5,226,051
Unrestricted	5,751,004
Total Net Assets	30,215,102

^{*}Accrual Basis of Accounting

The Village implemented GASB No. 34 in Fiscal Year 2005.

<u>9</u> =					
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
15,208,382	55,212,684	62,199,235	65,697,271	65,571,530	67,878,200
3,323,444	3,020,884	3,121,111	2,471,611	1,617,641	1,559,263
1,979,413	1,137,591	(555,725)	261,543	(979,914)	(1,165,532)
20 511 220	50 271 150	64 764 601	69 120 125	66 200 257	69 271 021
20,511,239	59,371,159	64,764,621	68,430,425	66,209,257	68,271,931
6,866,561	29,684,156	33,478,253	37,247,186	35,503,387	35,082,830
523,600	523,600	523,600	523,600	523,600	523,600
2,106,406	3,494,474	2,823,275	1,102,401	1,941,988	1,415,411
0.406.565	22 722 222	06.007.100	00.050.105	27.060.076	25.001.041
9,496,567	33,702,230	36,825,128	38,873,187	37,968,975	37,021,841
22,074,943	84,896,840	95,677,488	102,944,457	101,074,917	102,961,030
3,847,044	3,544,484	3,644,711	2,995,211	2,141,241	2,082,863
4,085,819	4,632,065	2,267,550	1,363,944	962,074	249,879
30,007,806	93,073,389	101,589,749	107,303,612	104,178,232	105,293,772

Changes in Net Assets - Last Seven Fiscal Years* April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Expenses							
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$ 1,662,604	2,181,455	2,098,295	2,557,141	2,079,577	2,900,028	2,149,370
Community Development	900,744	, ,	1,259,375	1,112,942	907,462	716,337	620,839
Public Safety	4,126,733		4,799,115	5,313,395	5,324,794	5,600,497	5,812,100
Public Works	1,376,615	2,194,607	3,262,123	3,238,011	4,571,628	5,609,110	3,619,923
Culture and Recreation	1,685,881	836,208	611,320	765,719	749,381	726,346	871,520
Interest	246,129		323,032	249,388	154,458	132,802	282,423
Total Governmental							
Activities Expenses	9,998,706	11,077,511	12,353,260	13,236,596	13,787,300	15,685,120	13,356,175
Business-Type Activities							
Waterworks and Sewerage	2,305,289	3,042,635	2,392,985	2,571,545	2,892,571	3,226,607	3,258,850
Total Expenses	12,303,995	14,120,146	14,746,245	15,808,141	16,679,871	18,911,727	16,615,025
Program Revenues							
Governmental Activities							
Charges for Services							
General Government	603,370	842,690	850,398	1,034,125	1,306,912	1,133,762	1,248,673
Community Development	2,580,346	1,232,799	1,031,336	633,328	233,390	148,382	146,328
Public Safety	652,402	502,746	473,224	421,665	359,119	552,292	367,354
Public Works	47,626	393,067	175,074	118,144	- 1 × 1 × 1	•	04
Culture and Recreation	92,254	57,901	60,757	60,105	60,417	64,666	65,215
Operating Grants/Contributions	-	97,146	(3,434)	801	227,337	34,533	118,539
Capital Grants/Contributions	-	29,300	3,554,222	6,672,330	4,286,817	430,842	3,189,099
	3,975,998	3,155,649	6,141,577	8,940,498	6,473,992	2,364,477	5,135,208
Business-Type Activities							
Charges for Services							
Waterworks and Sewerage	3,790,216	3,276,248	2,645,500	2,543,542	2,273,624	2,274,180	2,258,775
Capital Grants/Contributions							
Waterworks and Sewerage		₹	4,363,645	3,245,591	2,799,590		
	3,790,216	3,276,248	7,009,145	5,789,133	5,073,214	2,274,180	2,258,775
Total Program Revenues	7,766,214	6,431,897	13,150,722	14,729,631	11,547,206	4,638,657	7,393,983
Net (Expense) Revenue							
Governmental Activities	(6,022,708)	(7,921,862)	(6,211,683)	(4,296,098)	(7,313,308)	(13,320,643)	(8,220,967)
Business-Type Activities	1,484,927	233,613	4,616,160	3,217,588	2,180,643	(952,427)	(1,000,075)
Total Net Revenue (Expense)	(4,537,781)	(7,688,249)	(1,595,523)	(1,078,510)	(5,132,665)	(14,273,070)	(9,221,042)

VILLAGE OF ANTIOCH

Changes in Net Assets - Last Seven Fiscal Years* April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net A	saeta						
Governmental Activities	35015						
Taxes							
Property	\$ 2,385,925	2,574,269	2,983,104	3,314,003	3,543,947	3,711,783	3,474,833
Sales	2,223,105	2,858,933	2,969,865	3,450,913	3,034,070	3,159,482	3,126,479
Income	594,944	671,510	1,062,605	1,263,614	1,250,460	1,090,012	1,070,015
Utility	558,988	14,597	2,938	1,205,011	1,200,100	278,432	1,076,281
Replacement	39,367	50,401	54,976	63,440	58.574	51,455	56,290
Hotel/Motel	42,392	48,179	49,825	46,240	49,069	40.797	40,419
Use	90,764	108,113	181,082	195,231	179,948	164,382	196,477
Other	10,737	31,294	32,362	30,397	30,428	42,972	32,619
Intergovernmental	10,757	21,=31	2-,20-	50,037	20,120	,	,
Motor Fuel Tax Allotments	265,881	261,837	382,668	400,529	375,149	362,363	422,793
Road and Bridge Tax	112,441	115,059	126,432	137,493	179,258	110,475	117,078
Investment Income	164,516	288,803	311,408	244,579	93,334	40,472	70,883
Miscellaneous	838,064	418,022	344,301	300,121	1,934,585	2,046,850	599,474
Transfers - Interfund Activity		138,115		243,000	250,290	_,,	4
Total Governmental Activities	7,327,124	7,579,132	8,501,566	9,689,560	10,979,112	11,099,475	10,283,641
Business-Type Activities							
Investment Income	26,246	39,936	72,692	123,720	65,810	24,591	8,439
Miscellaneous	· ·	(a)	-	25,590	51,896	23,624	44,502
Transfers - Interfund Activity	(*)	(138,115)	()	(243,000)	(250,290)		
Total Business-Type Activities	26,246	(98,179)	72,692	(93,690)	(132,584)	48,215	52,941
Total	7,353,370	7,480,953	8,574,258	9,595,870	10,846,528	11,147,690	10,336,582
Changes in Net Assets							
Governmental Activities	1,304,416	(342,730)	2,289,883	5,393,462	3,665,804	(2,221,168)	2,062,674
Business-Type Activities	1,511,173	135,434	4,688,852	3,123,898	2,048,059	(904,212)	(947,134)
Total	2,815,589	(207,296)	6,978,735	8,517,360	5,713,863	(3,125,380)	1,115,540

^{*}Accrual Basis of Accounting

The Village implemented GASB No. 34 in Fiscal Year 2005.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

		2002	2003	2004
General Fund				
Reserved	\$	-	: = 0	81,584
Unreserved	_	(180,841)	158,674	455,817
Total General Fund	_	(180,841)	158,674	537,401
All Other Governmental Funds				
Reserved		€/	=	1,558,469
Unreserved, Reported in				
Special Revenues Funds		455,220	(27,919)	2,164,094
Debt Service Funds		2,489	337,432	346
Capital Projects Funds	(-	9,109	1,995,449	12,219,761
Total All Other Governmental Funds		466,818	2,304,962	15,942,324

2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
		14			
186,753	179,476	182,104	148,198	219,058	152,150
947.745	545,042	260.337	(202,010)	(445,992)	(51,105)
2173710	5 10,0 12	200,557	(202,010)	(110,772)	(51,100)
1,134,498	724,518	442,441	(53,812)	(226,934)	101,045
3,337,159	3,047,322	3,137,089	2,519,892	1,659,304	4,354,072
2,013,745	1,684,956	404,508	1,723,967	91,531	125,079
-	-	100	5 € 6) (*
405,815	72,468	102,381	145,361	774,873	433,351
5,756,719	4,804,746	3,643,978	4,389,220	2,525,708	4,912,502
	947,745 1,134,498 3,337,159 2,013,745 - 405,815	186,753 179,476 947,745 545,042 1,134,498 724,518 3,337,159 3,047,322 2,013,745 1,684,956 - - 405,815 72,468	186,753 179,476 182,104 947,745 545,042 260,337 1,134,498 724,518 442,441 3,337,159 3,047,322 3,137,089 2,013,745 1,684,956 404,508 405,815 72,468 102,381	186,753 179,476 182,104 148,198 947,745 545,042 260,337 (202,010) 1,134,498 724,518 442,441 (53,812) 3,337,159 3,047,322 3,137,089 2,519,892 2,013,745 1,684,956 404,508 1,723,967 405,815 72,468 102,381 145,361	186,753 179,476 182,104 148,198 219,058 947,745 545,042 260,337 (202,010) (445,992) 1,134,498 724,518 442,441 (53,812) (226,934) 3,337,159 3,047,322 3,137,089 2,519,892 1,659,304 2,013,745 1,684,956 404,508 1,723,967 91,531 405,815 72,468 102,381 145,361 774,873

General Governmental Expenditures By Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

Function	2002	2003	2004	2005
General Government	\$ 2,029,983	1,903,494	2,762,228	1,464,979
Community Development	549,770	1,264,808	-	900,744
Public Safety	2,618,704	2,874,004	4,070,281	3,899,290
Public Works	1,411,591	1,505,629	1,107,867	1,365,106
Culture and Recreation	473,683	427,831	443,629	994,932
Capital Outlay	404,126	0€	9,395,607	8,658,357
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	280,000	1,215,000	415,000	1,645,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	164,635	258,441	199,186	255,774
Total	7,932,492	9,449,207	18,393,798	19,184,182

Note: 2005 GASB 34 was implemented. Includes all Governmental Funds.

.TT					
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
2,028,800	1,994,061	2,542,825	2,002,541	2,843,734	2,044,865
1,094,525	1,259,375	1,112,942	907,462	716,337	620,839
4,337,462	4,459,740	4,990,984	5,125,741	5,401,844	5,632,975
1,488,810	2,431,172	2,513,747	2,368,007	2,223,911	2,136,951
815,752	556,232	696,950	665,387	641,995	785,982
2,608,693	1,092,251	1,350,786	1,426,183	3,070,570	1,619,202
622,500	489,433	424,601	461,057	462,775	504,223
180,214	328,610	255,259	160,920	139,420	239,539
13,176,756	12,610,874	13,888,094	13,117,298	15,500,586	13,584,576

VILLAGE OF ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

General Governmental Revenues By Source - Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Governmental Revenues By Source - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

Source		2002	2003	2004
Taxes	\$	1,855,271	2,003,669	6,065,305
Licenses and Permits		427,664	830,498	1,532,773
Intergovernmental		2,972,368	3,177,647	356,789
Charges for Services and Fees		1,173,495	2,902,464	2,452,102
Fines and Forfeits		138,047	128,277	156,084
Interest		19,373	64,314	107,988
Miscellaneous		517,404	178,879	19,157,245
Total	-	7,103,622	9,285,748	29,828,286

Note: 2005 GASB 34 was implemented. Includes all Governmental Funds.

2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
5,935,785	6,357,296	7,336,757	8,363,838	8,146,496	8,539,315	9,073,413
1,734,813	1,275,655	1,020,035	646,713	349,643	257,002	270,472
537,531	503,342	505,666	1,026,344	789,030	918,950	1,686,302
1,847,067	1,541,647	1,415,304	1,475,446	1,669,247	1,498,152	1,469,604
245,346	211,901	155,450	145,208	133,662	163,211	154,201
164,516	288,803	311,408	244,579	93,334	40,472	70,883
838,064	418,022	344,301	300,121	1,934,585	2,046,850	599,474
11,303,122	10,596,666	11,088,921	12,202,249	13,115,997	13,463,952	13,324,349

Changes in Fund Balances for Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

		2002	2003	2004
Revenues				
Taxes	\$	1,855,271	2,003,669	6,065,305
Licenses and Permits		427,664	830,498	1,532,773
Intergovernmental		2,972,368	3,177,647	356,789
Charges for Services and Fees		1,173,495	2,902,464	2,452,102
Fines and Forfeits		138,047	128,277	156,084
Interest		19,373	64,314	107,988
Miscellaneous		517,404	178,879	19,157,245
Total Revenues		7,103,622	9,285,748	29,828,286
Expenditures				
General Government		2,029,983	1,903,494	2,762,228
Community Development		549,770	1,264,808	
Public Safety		2,618,704	2,874,004	4,070,281
Public Works		1,411,591	1,505,629	1,107,867
Culture and Recreation		473,683	427,831	443,629
Capital Outlay		404,126	*:	9,395,607
Debt Service				
Principal		280,000	1,215,000	415,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		164,635	258,441	199,186
Total Expenditures	_	7,932,492	9,449,207	18,393,798
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	_	(828,870)	(163,459)	11,434,488
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Discount on Debt Issuance		-	골	ĕ
Proceeds from Debt Issuance		1,600,000	-	805,000
Transfers In		4,735	82,140	363,660
Transfers Out		(2,537,648)	(1,667,117)	(363,660)
	0	(932,913)	(1,584,977)	805,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(1,761,783)	(1,748,436)	12,239,488
Debt Service as a Percentage of				
Noncapital Expenditures	i <u></u>	5.91%	15.59%	6.83%

•						
2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
5,935,785	6,357,296	7,336,757	8,363,838	8,146,496	8,539,315	9,073,413
1,734,813	1,275,655	1,020,035	646,713	349,643	257,002	270,472
537,531	503,342	505,666	1,026,344	789,030	918,950	1,686,302
1,847,067	1,541,647	1,415,304	1,475,446	1,669,247	1,498,152	1,469,604
245,346	211,901	155,450	145,208	133,662	163,211	154,201
164,516	288,803	311,408	244,579	93,334	40,472	70,883
838,064	418,022	344,301	300,121	1,934,585	2,046,850	599,474
11,303,122	10,596,666	11,088,921	12,202,249	13,115,997	13,463,952	13,324,349
1,464,979	2,028,800	1,994,061	2,542,825	2,002,541	2,843,734	2,044,865
900,744	1,094,525	1,259,375	1,112,942	907,462	716,337	620,839
3,899,290	4,337,462	4,459,740	4,990,984	5,125,741	5,401,844	5,632,975
1,365,106	1,488,810	2,431,172	2,513,747	2,368,007	2,223,911	2,136,951
994,932	815,752	556,232	696,950	665,387	641,995	785,982
8,658,357	2,608,693	1,092,251	1,350,786	1,426,183	3,070,570	1,619,202
1,645,000	622,500	489,433	424,601	461,057	462,775	504,223
255,774	180,214	328,610	255,259	160,920	139,420	239,539
19,184,182	13,176,756	12,610,874	13,888,094	13,117,298	15,500,586	13,584,576
(7,881,060)	(2,580,090)	(1,521,953)	(1,685,845)	(1,301)	(2,036,634)	(260,227)
9€1		1.60.000	#X	-	≅	0.055.000
9	-	160,000	-	507.000	8	2,975,000
**	734,272	355,325	331,792	507,290	-	82,914
120	(596,157)	(355,325)	(88,792)	(257,000)		(82,914)
	138,115	160,000	243,000	250,290		2,975,000
(7.001.060)	(2.441.075)	(1.261.052)	(1, 440, 045)	248.090	(2.02(.624)	0.714.770
(7,881,060)	(2,441,975)	(1,361,953)	(1,442,845)	248,989	(2,036,634)	2,714,773
18.06%	7.60%	10.80%	11.83%	7.39%	4.18%	7.58%
10.0070	7.0070	10.0070	11.0370	1.3970	4.1070	7.5070

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Tax Levy Years April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

Tax Levy Year	Residential Property	Farm	Commercial Property
2001	\$ 140,791,563	1,682,381	28,606,087
2002	159,403,666	1,904,785	32,387,701
2003	182,865,167	2,185,137	37,154,618
2004	211,218,693	2,523,946	42,915,499
2005	258,571,965	3,089,791	52,536,756
2006	322,078,094	1,303,225	48,464,683
2007	348,522,082	1,038,388	52,901,935
2008	355,221,835	1,286,851	58,384,376
2009	343,762,642	661,554	62,026,156
2010	331,662,495	608,147	60,813,364

Data Source: Lake County Clerk's and Treasurer's Offices

			Total	Total
Industrial			Assessed	Direct
Property	Total	Railroad	Value	Tax Rate
7,937,030	179,017,061	158,994	179,176,055	0.980
8,986,274	202,682,426	142,494	202,824,920	0.937
10,308,900	232,513,822	156,645	232,670,467	0.925
11,907,311	268,565,449	301,119	268,866,568	0.867
14,576,820	328,775,332	311,342	329,086,674	0.822
10,360,350	382,206,352	390,967	382,597,319	0.787
10,562,892	413,025,297	479,043	413,504,340	0.784
11,036,996	425,930,058	581,669	426,511,727	0.801
11,408,354	417,858,706	557,517	418,416,223	0.833
10,812,113	403,896,119	664,199	404,560,318	0.883

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Tax Levy Years April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

		2001	2002	2003
Village of Antioch:				
General Rate	\$	0.822	0.789	0.752
Debt Service		0.101	0.100	0.128
Limited Corporate Purpose Bonds		0.057	0.048	0.045
Total Direct Tax Rate).	0.980	0.937	0.925
Overlapping Rates				
Lake County		0.516	0.502	0.490
Lake County Forest Preserve District		0.221	0.232	0.225
Antioch Township		0.370	0.358	0.117
Antioch Public Library District		0.277	0.267	0.260
Community Consolidated District #34		2.718	2.576	3.126
Consolidated High School District #117		2.096	2.334	2.302
Community College #532	13:	0.211	0.208	0.201
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax Rate		7.389	7.414	7.646

Notes:

Years 2003 through 2005 do not include Township Road and Bridge and Township Gravel Special Road Improvement.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the Village. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Village property owners.

Data Source: Lake County Clerk's and Treasurer's Offices

2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
0.723	0.700	0.685	0.685	0.708	0.735	0.786
0.144	0.122	0.102	0.099	0.093	0.098	0.097
120	_		: -	₩ 2	-	-
0.867	0.822	0.787	0.784	0.801	0.833	0.883
0.465	0.454	0.450	0.444	0.453	0.464	0.505
0.219	0.219	0.204	0.201	0.199	0.200	0.198
0.113	0.108	0.314	0.315	0.322	0.334	0.355
0.253	0.246	0.242	0.242	0.247	0.257	0.274
3.225	3.145	3.130	3.074	3.170	3.265	3.510
2.442	2.343	2.361	2.327	2.379	2.448	2.639
0.200	0.197	0.195	0.192	0.196	0.200	0.218
	·	<u> </u>				
7.784	7.534	7.683	7.579	7.767	8.001	8.582

VILLAGE OF ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

Principal Property Tax Payers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago
April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

			2011			2002	
				Percentage			Percentage
		m 11	0	f Total Village	m 11		of Total Village
		Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
m		Assessed	D 1	Assessed	Assessed	- I	Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Wal-Mart Real Estate							
Business Trust	\$	5,710,077	1	1.41%			
Menard Inc.		3,617,271	2	0.90%			
Antioch Manor Apartments, LLC		3,212,026	3	0.80%			
BMB Associates I LLC		2,500,618	4	0.62%			
Chicago Title Land Trust Co		2,238,616	5	0.55%			
Oakridge Village Apartments		2,144,099	6	0.53%			
Tiffany Road Limited Partnership		1,683,495	7	0.42%	1,092,636	3	0.61%
State Bank of the Lakes, Trustee		1,343,780	8	0.33%			
Jewel Food Store 3466		1,129,696	9	0.28%	769,706	5	0.43%
State Bank of Antioch		1,082,845	10	0.27%			
Chicago Title and Trust Company					1,919,788	1	1.07%
The Merchants National Bank							
of Aurora					1,554,514	2	0.87%
Illinois Housing Development					957,381	4	0.53%
Trust 95-120					689,267	6	0.38%
Kay Home Products					592,810	7	0.33%
L. Moustakis					538,837	8	0.30%
1st Bank of Oak Park					503,575	9	0.28%
First National Bank	_		_		470,836	10	0.26%
		24,662,523		6.11%	9,089,350		5.07%
	=	24,002,323	=	0.11/0	9,009,330		3,07/0

Data Source: Lake County Clerk's and Treasurer's Offices

VILLAGE OF ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Tax Levy Years
April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

Tax	Taxe Levie	ed _		cted within the Year of the Levy	Collection in	Total Collec	Total Collections to Date		
Levy Year	for the Fiscal Y		Amoun	Percentage t of Levy	Subseque: Years	nt Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2001	\$ 1,755		\$ 1,617,8			\$ 1,617,804	92.13%		
2002	1,996	,980	1,976,4	98.97%	(≝≘	1,976,485	98.97%		
2003	2,152	2,202	2,095,4	97.36%	1,013	2,095,415	97.36%		
2004	2,331	,073	2,314,3	33 99.28%		2,314,333	99.28%		
2005	2,705	,080	2,700,2	99.82%	*	2,700,205	99.82%		
2006	3,011	,037	3,003,3	19 99.74%	i a i:	3,003,319	99.74%		
2007	3,241	,874	3,240,4	12 99.95%	=)	3,240,412	99.95%		
2008	3,416	,359	3,410,0	99.82%	N/A	3,410,040	99.82%		
2009	3,485	,407	3,474,8	33 99.70%	N/A	3,474,833	99.70%		
2010	* 3,572	,268	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

^{*} The 2010 tax levy is collected in fiscal year 2012

Note: Levies for all Special Service Areas have been excluded from this table.

N/A -Not Available

Ratios of Outstanding Debt Ry Type - Last Ten Fiscal Vears

Ratios of Outstanding Debt By Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

		e		
Fiscal		Governn	nental Activities	
Year		General		Alternate
Ended	Capital	Obligation	Debt	Revenue
April 30	Leases	Bonds	Certificates	Bonds
2002	\$ 115,9	\$ 2,555,000	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 600,000
2003	70,4	70 2,390,000	1,150,000	2,475,000
2004	10,0	3,005,000	1,150,000	2,250,000
2005	-	2,735,000	Sec.	2,025,000
2006	-	2,460,000	-	1,765,000
2007	148,0	2,160,000	Œ.	1,675,000
2008	118,4	1,860,000		1,580,000
2009	87,3	91 1,530,000	*	1,480,000
2010	54,6	1,200,000	-	1,380,000
2011	20,3	93 840,000	3	4,245,000

Note: Details regarding the Village's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

		Business-Type Activities				Total	Percenta	ge		
v	Vater/Sewer	IEPA	D	ebt		Primary	of Person		Per Capita (1)	
Re	evenue Bonds	Loan	Certi	ficates	G	overnment	Income ([1]		
\$	2,600,000	\$ -	\$	8 ₩ 60	\$	7,470,981	3.31	%	\$	850.13
	2,450,000	-		3 0		8,535,470	3.78	3%		971.26
	3,500,000	96		₩.		9,915,000	4.39	%	1	1,128.24
	3,325,000	= 0				8,085,000	3.58	3%		920.00
	3,075,000	· •		2 0		7,300,000	3.23	%		830.68
	2,825,000	質	7	20,000		7,528,067	1.70	%		548.53
	2,550,000	-	5	85,000		6,693,448	1.51	%		487.72
	2,250,000	9,842,293	4	50,000		15,639,684	3.53	%	1	,139.59
	1,950,000	14,619,529	3	05,000		19,509,145	4.41	%	1	,421.53
	1,625,000	15,402,283	1	55,000		22,287,676	5.82	%	1	,544.54

VILLAGE OF ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years
April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended April 30	Gross General Obligation Bonds	Less: Debt Payable From Other Sources	Net General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Equalized Assessed Valuation (1)	C	Per Capita (2)
2002	\$ 3,155,000	\$ 2,489	\$ 3,152,511	1.76%	\$	358.73
2003	4,865,000	337,432	4,527,568	2.23%		515.20
2004	4,155,000	1,558,469	2,596,531	1.12%		295.46
2005	4,760,000	617,257	4,142,743	1.54%		471.41
2006	4,225,000	443,336	3,781,664	1.15%		430.32
2007	3,835,000	391,563	3,443,437	0.90%		250.91
2008	3,440,000	393,623	3,046,377	0.74%		221.97
2009	3,010,000	396,961	2,613,039	0.61%		190.40
2010	2,580,000	400,153	2,179,847	0.52%		158.83
2011	5,085,000	399,146	4,685,854	1.16%		324.73

Note: Details regarding the Village's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See Legal of Legal Debt Margin for Equalized Assessed Value data.

⁽²⁾ See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data.

Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	Gross Debt	*Percentage to Debt Applicable to Village	Village's Share of Debt
Village of Antioch	\$ 5,085,000	100.000 %	\$ 5,085,000
Lake County	66,515,000	1.410 %	93,810,744
Lake County Forest Preserve District	286,485,000	1.410 %	404,049,779
Antioch Public Library District	2,305,000	46.869 %	108,033,885
Community Consolidated District #33	6,202,477	310.656 %	1,926,839,364
Community Consolidated District #34	8,890,000	56.982 %	506,570,216
Consolidated High School District #117	17,208,758	29.186 %	502,253,203
College of Lake County #532	7,000,000	1.484 %	10,388,000
Subtotal	394,606,235		3,551,945,190
Totals	399,691,235		3,557,030,190

^{*} Determined by the ratio of assessed value of property in the Village subject to taxation by the Governmental Unit to the total assessed value of property of the Governmental Unit.

Data Source: Lake County Tax Extension Department

Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

Fiscal				Waterv	vorks	and Sewera	ge R	Revenue Bo	nds		
Year				Less:		Net					
Ended		Operating		Operating	A	Available		Debt	Serv	vice	
April 30		tevenues (1)	E	Expenses (2)	Re	evenue (3)		Principal		Interest	Coverage (4)
	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									8 ()
2002	\$	1,221,955	\$	1,062,651	\$	159,304	\$	150,000	\$	119,626	0.59
2003		1,618,775		1,178,177		440,598		150,000		113,100	1.67
2004		1,652,415		2,474,307		(821,892)		150,000		106,575	(3.20)
2005		2,292,722		1,896,919		395,803		175,000		131,325	1.29
2006		2,687,033		1,826,751		860,282		250,000		139,350	2.21
2007		2,179,042		1,587,011		592,031		250,000		130,388	1.56
2008		2,315,449		1,744,122		571,327		275,000		154,835	1.33
2009		2,208,801		1,919,695		289,106		300,000		149,693	0.64
2010		2,241,994		2,154,643		87,351		325,000		95,788	0.21
2011		2,253,625		2,103,789		149,836		325,000		83,088	0.37

⁽¹⁾ As defined in applicable bond indentures and governing laws - Waterworks and Sewerage Charges for Services.

⁽²⁾ Total expenses exclusive of depreciation and bond interest.

⁽³⁾ Gross revenues minus expenses

⁽⁴⁾ Net revenue available for debt service divided by total debt requirements.

Legal Debt Margin - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

See Following Page

Legal Debt Margin - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Assessed Valuation	\$ 179,176,055	202,824,920	232,670,467	268,866,568
Bonded Debt Limit -				
8.625% of Assessed Value	15,453,935	17,493,649	20,067,828	23,189,741
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit	2,465,000	2,390,000	3,005,000	2,735,000
Legal Debt Margin	12,988,935	15,103,649	17,062,828	20,454,741
Percentage of Legal Debt Margin				
to Bonded Debt Limit	84.05%	86.34%	85.03%	88.21%

2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
329,086,674	382,597,319	413,504,340	426,511,727	418,416,223	404,560,318
28,383,726	32,999,019	35,664,749	36,786,636	36,088,399	34,893,327
2,460,000	2,880,000	1,860,000	1,530,000	1,200,000	840,000
25,923,726	30,119,019	33,804,749	35,256,636	34,888,399	34,053,327
91.33%	91.27%	94.78%	95.84%	96.67%	97.59%

VILLAGE OF ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years
April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended April 30	Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate*
2002	8,788	\$ 225,980,481	\$ 25,715	33.7	3,678	6.5%
2003	8,788	225,980,481	25,715	33.7	3,966	6.7%
2004	8,788	225,980,481	25,715	33.7	4,248	6.2%
2005	8,788	225,980,481	25,715	33.7	4,430	5.8%
2006	8,788	225,980,481	25,715	34.7	4,016	4.6%
2007	13,724	442,585,276	32,249	37.2	5,430	5.0%
2008	13,724	442,585,276	32,249	37.2	5,501	5.4%
2009	13,724	442,585,276	32,249	37.2	5,334	9.6%
2010	13,724	442,585,276	32,249	37.2	5,324	10.5%
2011	14,430	382,621,279	26,516	36.0	4,897	10.5%

Data Source: Village Records and Illinois Department of Employment Security

^{*} Metropolitan Statistical Area

Principal Employers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

		2011			2002	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
			Village			Village
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
W.C. Petty Elementary	470	1	N/A			
Super WalMart	360	2	N/A			
Jewel/Osco	185	3	N/A			
Antioch Community High School		4	N/A	120	5	2.72%
Raymond Chevrolet/Kia	108	5	N/A			
The Advertiser	100	6	N/A	100	6	2.27%
Janis Plastics	75	7	N/A	75	8	1.70%
Pickard China	75	8	N/A	75	9	1.70%
Piggly Wiggly	72	9	N/A			
State Bank of the Lakes	70	10	N/A	120	4	2.72%
Fisher Paper Products	64	11	N/A	70	10	1.59%
All-West Plastics	64	12	N/A	55	11	1.25%
Deli Source Inc.	50	13	N/A			
Hannah's Home Accents	25	14	N/A			
America United Bank	23	15	N/A			
Nuway Speaker				240	1	5.45%
Kay Home Products Inc.				150	2	3.41%
Thelen Sand & Gravel, Inc.				145	3	3.29%
Waste Management of Lake Co.				80	7	1.82%
Modern Building Materials, Inc.				50	12	1.14%
First National Bank				50	13	1.14%
Braeside Plastics Corp.				45	14	1.02%
Modern Home Products			·	45	15	1.02%
	1,871		N/A	1,420		N/A

Data Sources: Village Businesses, Illinois Manufacturers Directory and Illinois Business Services Directory.

VILLAGE OF ANTIOCH,

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years
April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Government										
Administration	8	8	8	9.00	9.50	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	1.00
Clerk's Office	1	1	1	1.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Finance	-		4	6.30	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.00
Emergency Management	-	940	_	-	-	2	-	1.00	1.00	1.00
Other	2	2	2	=	:2:	-		•	-	-
Community Development										
Planning		=51	_	=		=	_	2.00	2.00	1.00
Building	177 40	(E)	121	~	177) 221	2		5.00	3.00	2.00
Economic Development	_		-	1.20			1.50	1.00	0.50	2.00
Community Services	2	2	2.25	2.25	4.42	4.80	4.80	-	-	-
Planning, Zoning & Bldg	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	9.00	9.00	7 2 7	-	75 Te
Training, Zoning & Didg	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	7.00	9.00		-	-
Engineering	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	3.50	3.50	3.50	2.00	1.00
Police										
Officers	23.00	23.00	24.00	25.00	26.00	26.00	27.50	27.50	27.50	27.00
Civilians	16.64	16.64	16.64	16.64	15.50	16.49	14.97	11.50	11.50	15.50
Fire										
Civilians	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5,00	5.00	3.00	3.00	5.00	3.00
Public Works										
Administration	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	1.00	1.50	1.50	3.25	2.75
Maintenance	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.25	8.25
Water Services	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	8.25	8.75	3.00	4.00	3.50
Streets	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	7.75	7.75	9.00	6.50	6.00
Sanitary Sewer	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	=	-	-	-
Treatment Plant	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	5.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Culture and Recreation										
Parks and Recreation	3.30	3.30	3.30	4.30	4.30	2.30	3.30	3.50	3.50	4.00
Senior Center	š	-		1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Total	94.44	94.44	96.69	108.69	109.47	110.34	114.82	98.75	96.25	86.50

Operating Indicators by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

See Following Page

VILLAGE OF ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

Operating Indicators by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2002	2003	2004
Police			
Arrests	733	696	810
Parking Violations	520	2,274	310
Traffic Violation	2,225	2,166	3,055
Fire			
Emergency Responses	378	376	442
Fires Extinguished	9	13	6
Inspections	=	-	<u>u</u>
Public Works			
Street Resurfacing (Miles)	2.11	2.30	2.45
Water			
New Connections	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Daily Consumption			
(Thousands of Gallons)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Peak Daily Consumption			
(Thousands of Gallons)	N/A	N/A	N/A

Data Source: Village Records

2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
901	441	1,160	1,326	1,054	1,028	872
375	108	225	161	278	191	138
2,935	1,468	2,086	1,727	2,156	1,769	1,348
579	576	580	902	950	738	942
12	16	12	32	51	54	58
(4)		12	27	28	21	566
2.81	0.55	0.66	0.92	2.23	2.61	2.15
N/A	N/A	52	88	13	10	7
N/A	IN/A	53	00	13	10	7
980	1,250	2,560	1,931	1,496	1,190	1,170
N/A	2,300	2,800	2,200	1,700	1,352	1,556

VILLAGE OF ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years
April 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
D. 11										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	10	10	10	11	12	12	10	10	10	10
Fire Stations *	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Works										
Streets (Miles)	36.69	38.44	40.53	42.04	42.91	45.00	47.80	57.80	57.80	57.8
Streetlights	92	100	100	128	130	130	130	294	294	294
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage	62.52	77.35	95.21	95.21	181.44	181,44	181,44	272.33	272.33	272.33
Playgrounds	5	8	10	10	11	11	11	11	11	11.00
Senior Center										
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Water Mains (Miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.10	48.06	55.81	71.66	71.66	71.66
Water Valves	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	582	582
Fire Hydrants	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	644	671	770	1,031	1,031	1,031
Storage Capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,110	1,150	2,050	2,050	2,050	2,050
(Thousands of Gallor					- , ·	-,	_,,	_,,,,	_,	_,
Sanitary Sewer										
Manholes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,622	1,622
Sewer (Miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A	62.48	64.57	64.57	66.26	66.86	66.86	66.86
Lift Stations	18	18	20	20	20	21	21	21	21	21

Data Source: Village Records

^{*} Both fire stations are jointly owned with the Antioch Fire District.